# 'INOVEST.



### Inovest B.S.C

Commercial registration number 48848 obtained on 18 June 2002

### Registered office

Bahrain Financial Harbor, East Tower,  $35^{\text{th}}$  Floor

P. O. Box. 18334

Manama, Kingdom of Bahrain

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### Bankers

Bahrain Islamic Bank B.S.C. Ithmaar Bank B.S.C. Kuwait Finance House (Bahrain) B.S.C. (c) Kuwait Finance House (Kuwait) K.S.C.P. Boubyan Bank (Kuwait) Khaleeji Commercial Bank B.S.C. Al Baraka Islamic Bank B.S.C. (c)

### Auditors

Ernst & Young (EY)
P.O. Box 140
10<sup>th</sup> Floor, East Tower
Bahrain World Trade Center
Manama, Kingdom of Bahrain

Al Salam Bank, Bahrain B.S.C.

### **Share Registrars**

Bahrain Clear Harbour Gate (4<sup>th</sup> Floor) P.O. Box: 3203 Manama Kingdom of Bahrain

Kuwait Clearing Company S.A.K. P.O. Box 22077 Safat 13081 State of Kuwait



His Majesty, King Hamed bin Isa Al Khalifa The King of the Kingdom of Bahrain



His Royal Highness,
Prince Salman bin Hamed Al Khalifa
The Crown Prince and Deputy
Supreme Commander of the Kingdom
of Bahrain



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# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**



**Mohammad Hamed** Al-Shalfan Chairman



Mohammad Salah Al-Ayoub Board Member



Ausama Abdulrahim Al-Khaja



Dr. Abdulaziz Fahad Al Dakheel **Board Member** 



Abdulaziz Alsanad **Board Member** 



Abdullah Alabduljader Board Member



**Mohamed Al Matook Board Member** 

# **SHARIAH SUPERVISORY** COMMITTEE



Dr. Hamad Yusuf AlMazrouie Chairman



Dr. Abdulrahman Mohamad Al-Baloul Vice Chairman



Dr. Mohamad Abdulrahman AlShurafa

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS' REPORT**



### Mohammad Hamed Al-Shalfan **Board Chairman**

On behalf of the Board of Directors of Inovest, it is my pleasure to present to you the group's annual report for the financial year ending on 31 December 2023.

### **Group Performance**

The Federal Reserve's rapid escalation of interest rates, which was largely reflected in the GCC countries, has imposed great pressure on strain on market liquidity due to the inherent linkage between local interest rates and their international counterparts, particularly the US dollar. This development stands as a pivotal factor contributing to the surge in interest rates on borrowing within internal banks as well as inflation rates. Experts and financial analysts concur that the reasons behind the heightened interest rates levied by banks stems from insufficiency of liquidity, whereas the Federal Reserve started, in March 2022, to raise interest rates, with the aim to reduce inflation, albeit at the expense of raising interest rates to levels unprecedented in several decades across all types of loans. Nonetheless, this circumstance is anticipated to be transient, with liquidity conditions projected to improve thanks to corrective measures taken in 2023 as countries adapt to the more stringent monetary policy environment. As a precautionary measure, the Board of Directors has exerted great effort to clear outstanding loan balances. Whereas, by the grace of God, during the fourth quarter of 2023, Inovest successfully discharged the last installment of its loan obligations to a local banking institution. Consequently, as we embark upon 2024, Inovest stands unencumbered by any financing liabilities.

As a group, it is with great satisfaction that we conclude the financial year 2023, announcing that Inovest has achieved positive results, which is what Inovest has accomplished over the past 5 years. The group achieved a net profit for shareholders of the parent company amounting to 4.634 million USD, compared to a profit of 923 thousand USD for the year 2022, constituting an increase of 402%. Accordingly, the basic per share in the parent company's earnings per share for the current year amounted to 1.56 US cents, compared to 0.31 US cents for the year 2022, whereas this increase is mainly attributed to the exit from an investment in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. As for the net operating profit, the company recorded an increase, amounting to 3.980 million USD for the year 2023, compared to a loss of 195 thousand USD for the year 2022, whereas this is mainly attributed to the exit from an investment in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Moreover, as for operating expenses, they decreased by 5% as a result of the efforts made by the group to control expenses. Whereas, operating revenues for the year 2023 amounted to 12.390 million, constituting an increase of 43%, compared to the 8.67 million USD recorded in 2022.

The perpetual positive results achieved by Inovest stands as a testament to the Board of Directors' steadfast strategic, which relies primarily on stimulating current projects and diligently pursuing exit from investments for the purpose of enhancing liquidity levels, subsequently reinvesting these resources into ventures and projects offering lucrative returns. At the level of current projects, and in a qualitative development, the financial performance of Advanced Industries Group displays an increase in the level of profits achieved, which are reinvested into expansion processes and increasing production capacity, as well as facilitating product diversification. A significant milestone in this trajectory is the acquisition of a manufacturing facility in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, which has empowered the group not only to boost its production capabilities but also to broaden its product portfolio beyond its former focus on doors and accessories. Leveraging this expansion, the group now boasts a competitive edge not only through heightened production volumes but also by offering an array of products in varying colors to consumers. The specific products produced by the Saudi factory include the production of interior window and door frames, as well as high-density interior door gaskets that work as heat and sound insulation. This qualitative shift was accompanied by an exceptional event reflected in the official opening of the company's showroom during the month of November 2023, located in Rai area, which is one of the important commercial streets in the State of Kuwait.

During the year 2023, Inovest also succeeded in effecting an exit from one of its real estate investments within the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia culminating in a substantial influx of cash flow to the company amounting to 8.488 million USD. Concurrently, Tamcon Contracting Co W.L.L, is currently working on fulfilling its pending projects and continues its mission to obtain major projects by participating in housing tenders as well as infrastructure projects proposed by the government.

### **Future Outlook**

In an important and qualitative event with respect to of one of our main projects and on the sidelines of the Real Estate Future Forum, which was held on 24 January 2024 in the Saudi capital, Riyadh, First Gulf Real Estate Company, which owns Ajwan Resort, (a Saudi company in which Inovest Group owns a shareholding of approximately 37.6%), signed a Memorandum of Understanding with the Spanish company Melia Hotels & Resorts (Melia), to operate the hotel planned to be established within the resort located on Half Moon Beach in the Eastern Province of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia with an area of 1 million square meters, or approximately 1.25 kilometers of open waterfront. We are pleased to witness this great milestone reflected in the inauguration of Ajwan Resort at the highest level of elegance on parr with the huge luxurious tourism development projects under implementation in line with the Kingdom's 2030 Vision.

Melia Hotels & Resorts was chosen based on the company's extensive experience in operating international resorts since its founding in 1956 in Mallorca (Spain), where it operates more than 400 hotels in more than 40 countries and across 10 Brands, combining exceptional hospitality with efficient management. There is no doubt that the Meliá hotel brand will be a profound addition to Ajwan project due to its experience and exposure in the hospitality industry, in particular, waterfronts. This will serve to create an entertainment, tourist and residential destination, not only for the owners of villas and townhouses in Ajwan project, but for the Eastern Province as a whole.

Furthermore, First Gulf Real Estate announced earlier that it had signed an agreement with Sumou Real Estate to develop the Ajwan Resort project backed by a Gulf investment of up to 1.5 billion Saudi riyals. The project is poised to become one of the most distinguished luxury residential and tourist destinations in the Eastern Province, boasting over 680 residential units of various sizes, including luxury villas with direct sea views on a 1.25-kilometre-long beach, as well as villas with views of the inner bay, which will reach a length of more than 2.5 km. The resort will also contain townhouse units and commercial and entertainment areas, which will include a water park, a restaurant area, cafes, cruise necessities showrooms, a sports center, and a cinema.

In its pursuit to diversify its investments, Inovest is cautiously studying several opportunities in the GCC countries spanning pivotal sectors such as education, health and industry, with a keen focus on the distinctive opportunities prevalent within the markets of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Concurrently, the emergence of investment indicators have appeared to be very positive and encouraging.

These positive developments increase our level of certainty that Inovest is moving steadily towards achieving its desired goals, which, God willing, will rise to the level of aspirations cherished by the company's shareholders.

### In Conclusion,

Whereas the current session of the Board of Directors is about to end and we are in the process of handing over the secretariat to the new Board of Directors, which will be elected, God willing, during the regular general assembly meeting scheduled for 20 March 2024, I extend, on behalf of myself and on behalf of the members of the Board of Directors, our sincere gratitude and appreciation to our esteemed shareholders for their unwavering support and trust. We also express our sincere thanks to customers, investors and all supporting parties, especially the Bank of Bahrain. The Central Bank and the Ministry of Industry and Commerce for their continued support. Likewise, we also extend our sincere gratitude and appreciation to the executive team and all Inovest Group employees for their dedication, sincere efforts and hard work.

Finally, we ask God Almighty to preserve the dear Kingdom of Bahrain and its wise government under the leadership of His Majesty King Hamad bin Isa Al Khalifa, may God protect and preserve him, and His Royal Highness Prince Salman bin Hamad Al Khalifa, may God protect and preserve him. We also ask God, the Most High and Almighty, to direct everyone's steps to the path of goodness and success.

As part of the Group's commitment to maintaining the utmost levels of transparency with our valued shareholders, we are pleased to append herewith the table describing the remuneration of members of the Board of Directors and Executive Management for the financial year ending on 31 December 2023:

Disclosure forms for the remuneration of members of the board of directors and the executive management in the report of the board of directors

### First: Board of directors' remuneration details:

		Fixed remu	nerations		Variable remunerations						
Name	Remunerations of the chairman and BOD	Total allowance for attending Board and committee meetings	·Others	Total	Remunerations of the chairman and BOD	Incentive plans	"Others	Total	End-of-service award	Aggregate amount Does not include expense) (allowance	Expenses Allowance
First: Independent Directors:											
1- Mohammad Al-Shalfan	30,000	10,080	-	40,080	-	-	-	-	-	40,080	-
2- Mohamed Al Matook	5,000	5,900	-	10,900	-	-	-	-	-	10,900	-
3- Abdulla Al- Abduljader	5,000	6,200	-	11,200	-	-	-	-	-	11,200	-
4- Ausama Al Khaja	5,000	3,450	-	8,450	-	-	-	-	-	8,450	-
Second: Non-Executive Directo	ors:										
Third: Executive Directors:											
1- Mohammad Al-Ayoub	5,000	6,440	-	11,440	-	-	-	-	-	11,440	-
2-Abdulaziz Al Sanad	5,000	7,168	-	12,168	-	-	-	-	-	12,168	-
3- Dr. Abdulaziz Al Dakheel	5,000	6,023	21,105	32,128	-	-	-	-	-	32,128	-
Total	60,000	45,261	21,105	126,366	-	-	-	-	-	126,366	-

Note: All amounts must be stated in Bahraini Dinars.

### Second: Executive management remuneration details

Executive management	Total paid salaries and allowances	Total paid remuneration (Bonus)	Any other cash/ in kind remuneration for 2022	Aggregate Amount
remunerations for executives, including CEO* and 6 Top **Senior Financial Officer	310,637	-	-	310,637

Note: All amounts must be stated in Bahraini Dinars.



<sup>\*</sup> It includes in-kind benefits – specific amount - remuneration for technical, administrative and advisory works (if any).

<sup>\*\*</sup> It includes the board member's share of the profits - Granted shares (insert the value) (if any).

<sup>\*</sup> The highest authority in the executive management of the company, the name may vary: (CEO, President, General Manager (GM), Managing Director...etc(.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The company's highest financial officer (CFO, Finance Director, ...etc)





# INOVEST ESG REPORT

### **INOVEST ESG REPORT**

### 1. Introduction

INOVEST is a firm believer in the societal impact of implementing Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) standards that offer actionable parameters by which to run our business. While our historical Corporate Social Responsibility initiatives have stood testament to the principle of sustainable business and to supporting the communities in which we do business, INOVEST is committed to further cementing this into formal ESG frameworks. In doing so, INOVEST commits itself to the UN Social Development Goals (SDG's) and to the Kingdom's Vision 2030, as applicable to the nature of our business.

This document outlines the Group's primary ESG initiatives for 2023.

### 2. Environmental Initiatives

INOVEST has a weighted response to pressing environmental issues faced within the Kingdom such as climate change, energy efficiency, carbon footprint, and water conservation. This is reflected in both our investments and our operations.

1. AIM: Providing Sustainable Alternatives.

Acting with an eye to deforestation, reducing carbon footprints, and the impact of climate change, in 2020, INOVEST acquired a substantial stake in a leading composite industrial manufacturing company based in Kuwait. The company is currently one of the only specialized regional manufacturers of Wood Plastic Composite (WPC) products with a wide range of business to business and business to customer applications. The manufacturing output from AIM diverts tons of wood and plastics from landfills and incinerators into the composite manufacturing process. With a reduced melting temperature, the manufacturing also benefits from lower energy usage, and with a design that is built to last the composite materials contribute to a much lower carbon footprint.

In 2022, INOVEST invested in expanding AIM's facilities in Kuwait and their regional presence by promoting use of composites within the local construction industry in the Kingdom of Bahrain.

### 2. Energy & Environmental Consciousness

INOVEST strives to reflect lower energy and electrical consumption levels in its day-to-day operations. Environmental awareness is encouraged amongst staff members on both a personal and professional level. INOVEST encourages paperless ways of working between departments and teams as well as consistent recycling of all paper products.

### 3 Clean Water and Sanitation

In 2024, Bahrain Investment Warf (BIW) will complete and handover the Reverse Osmosis (RO) Plant – sea water treatment offering 1,000 cubic meter per day of treated water. The treated water will be provided to labor accommodation with Bahrain Investment Warf with possible expansion to other companies, investors, and manufacturing facilities. BIW have prioritized the upsides of water treatment projects to minimize power consumption and reduce water use from the local supply.

### 3 .Social Initiatives

INOVEST recognizes that it has a responsibility to the communities in which it is present, to commit itself to social assistance and development in measurable and meaningful ways.

### 1. Supporting Education

INOVEST is a firm believer in fostering the academic and professional skills as well as creating a link between classroom and workplace. This comes in recognition of the vital role that education plays in the advancement of a community as a whole. In 2023, INOVEST provided a full 5-year university scholarship, designed to enable Bahraini youth to connect education with workforce opportunities, career progression, and therein a better quality of life. Through the MBK "Rayaat" program, INOVEST will be able to play a major role in transferring students from high school graduates to independent, intellectual young adults who value integrity and giving back to society.

### 2. Children's Healthcare & Well-Being

Drawing on the UN SDG for good health and well-being INOVEST undertaking a diabetic Support to 5 children for their monitoring insulin devices to help them controlling and living as normal as other kids,

we would like to extend our support and humanitarian initiative to down syndrome society, concerning these children in the hidden part of life to encourage them showing up as a normal child, by sponsoring them to get social responsibilities programs, we believe that it can make a positive impact on the lives of these children and contribute on brighter future for them and their families.

### **Governance Initiatives**

INOVEST acknowledges and believes that a comprehensive governance framework is key pillar to organizational success. Accordingly, there has been a clear commitment to filling gaps and encouraging a robust governance culture in accordance with best local and international practices and regulations as linked to the UN SDG's.

### 1. Board Independence

INOVEST's Board of Directors is comprised of 7 members, 57% of the members are independent including the chairman. There is clear segregation of roles between the CEO and Chairman, with the CEO prohibited from taking up a position as Board chairman. Compliance, Risk and Audit functions report to the Risk and Audit Committee of the board to ensure independence of control functions allowing these functions to carry-out their duties in an independent manner and freely report to the Audit and Risk Committee. As such, Inovest's dedication to good governance is expressed in its structure and the decision-making process aiming to decisions that are not only effective but also serve the best interest of all stakeholders.



# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### 1. Corporate Governance Structure

The Company is governed by the Commercial Companies Law promulgate by Legislative Decree No. 21 of 2001 ("Companies Law"), Corporate Governance Code of the Kingdom of Bahrain ("Governance Code"), the High-Level Controls Module of Volume 4 and 6 of the CBB Rulebook, and the Bahrain Bourse Law of 1987, generally referred to as "Regulations".

The Company undertakes its responsibility towards its shareholders by adopting the highest standards of corporate governance. The Company believes that the sound implementation of corporate governance enhances shareholder value, and provides adequate guidelines to the Board of Directors, its committees and Executive Management, in order for them to perform their duties in a manner that best serves the Company and its shareholders. The Company seeks to achieve the highest level of transparency, accountability and efficient management through the adoption and pursuit of strategies, objectives and policies that ensure the fulfillment of its organizational and ethical responsibilities.

### 2. Board of Directors

The Board of Directors consists of seven Board Members, four independent, and three executive members.

The Board of Directors was elected in the Ordinary General Assembly held on 29<sup>th</sup> April 2021 for three years, and a new Board of Directors will be elected in the first quarter of 2024 during the Ordinary General Assembly.

### 2.1 Election Process

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee formed by the Board of Directors reviews the skills and qualifications that the prospective members of the Board of Directors must possess. The General Assembly elects the new candidate after obtaining majority votes in the ballot held for such purpose Responsibilities are distributed across the Board of Directors in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association and the Commercial Companies Law. Membership of the Board of Directors may be nullified in case, inter alia, the member commits a crime, breaches trust or is declared bankrupt.

### 2.2 Board's Composition

The Chairman of the Board of Directors oversees the activities of Executive Management and evaluates its performance regularly, in addition to his other responsibilities, that include chairing Board meetings, monitoring the performance of the CEO, and communication with shareholders. The Board of Directors has formed certain committees with specific powers for the sake of guiding the management team, supervising the running of operations and taking decisions in the Company. The Board of Directors supervises the Company's management directly & through its various committees.

The Board of Directors has specified and segregated responsibilities between the Board and the Executive Management. The Board oversees all the activities of the Company and approves the same. It is responsible for Risk Management, the preparation of financial statements and corporate governance. The other issues that require approval of the Board include, inter alia, approval of financial statements, acquisitions and exits. The Board also ensures observance of the basic values of the Company, as prescribed in the internal policies of the Company.

All Company policies are being reviewed and approved on annual basis. In coordination with the Internal Audit Unit, the Risk Management Unit follows-up the validation and implementation of the policies and procedures under the supervision of the relevant committees. The Board of Directors is also responsible for approving Related Party transactions, subject to the schedule of Authorities adopted by the Company. The Board of Directors is also responsible for preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

The members of the Board may communicate with the Company's Executive Management at all times. The CEO, in cooperation with the management team, shall monitor the Company's performance with regard to specific and (approved) objectives and shall conduct the Company's daily affairs pursuant to the policies, objectives, strategies and guidelines adopted and approved by the Board of Directors from time to time.

The Board of Directors consists of seven members, and their experience is mix of highly professional and specialized experience in their field of specialization and in the Real Estate Investment field.

INOVEST has a written appointment agreement with each member of the Board of Directors, which recites the members of Board of Director's power, and duties and other matters relating to his appointment including his term, the time commitment envisaged, the committee assignment if any, his remuneration and expense reimbursement entitlement, and his access to independent professional advice when that is needed.

### 3. Members of the Board of Directors and their other memberships

The following tables show the names and the date of the first membership of the Board of Directors:

Member	Term of Appointment	Date of First Appointment	Date of the end of current Term	Type of Membership	Position	Notes
Mohammad Hamed Al Shalfan	Three Years	2021 29 <sup>th</sup> April		Independent	Chairman	-
Mohamed Salah Al Ayoub		2021 29 <sup>th</sup> April	2024-Q1	Executive	Vice Chairman	-
Abdulaziz Assad Alsanad		2021 29 <sup>th</sup> April		Executive	Member	-
Mohammed Abdualwahab Almatook		2021 29 <sup>th</sup> April		Independent	Member	-
Abdullah Mohamad Alabduljader		2021 29 <sup>th</sup> April		Independent	Member	-
Abdulaziz Fahad Dakheel		2021 29 <sup>th</sup> April		Executive	Member	-
Ausama Abdulrahim Alkhaja		2021 29 <sup>th</sup> April		Independent	Member	-

The Board of Directors does not comprise females.

### 4. Director Ownership of Shares

The below table demonstrates the shares of the company owned by Board member as at 31st December 2021:

Board Member	No. of Shares	Percentage (%)
Abdulaziz Assad Alsanad	5,508,188	1.83
Abdulaziz Fahad Dakheel	600,000	0.20

### 5. Distribution of Shareholding

### 5.1 Distribution of Shares per Nationality

As of 31st December 2023 the Company's register show that there were 689 shareholders who own in total 300,836,787 shares. Following is the distribution of shares in the Company per nationality:

Nationality	Number of Shares	Ownership (%)
Bahraini	17,738,183	5.90
Kuwaiti	256,603,783	85.30
Emirati	18,663,060	6.20
Saudi	6,444,169	2.14
Others	1,387,592	0.46
Total	300,836,787	100

### 5.2 Shareholders Who Own %5 or more of Company's Shares

The following schedule shows number and names of shareholders who own 5% of Company's shares or more as of 31 December 2023:

Shareholders	Number of Shares	State	Ownership %
Gulf Investment House (GIH)	72,917,272	Kuwait	25.25
Abdulwahab Assad Alsanad & his group Sanad Co. for buying and selling shares and bonds	27,088,879	Kuwait	9.00
Dubai Islamic Bank	15,043,309	United Arab Emirates	5.00

### 5.3 Distribution of Share Ownership per Quantity/Size

The following schedule shows the distribution of share ownership as of 31 December 2022 as per shareholding size:

Categories:	Number of shares	Number of Sharehold- ers	Ownership %
Less than 1%	65,834,849	674	21.88
up to less than 5% 1%	119,952,478	12	39.87
up to less than 10% 5%	42,132,188	2	14.01
up to less than 20% 10%			
up to less than 30% 20%	72,917,272	1	24.24
Total	300,836,787	689	100

### Ownership by Government

None of the share of the company was owned by the Government as at 31st December 2022.

### 6. Board of Directors Committees

The Board of Directors formed three committees having specific assignments and powers:

Corporate Governance, Nomination & Remuneration Committee Members	Position	Responsibilities	Type of Membership
Mohammed Abdualwahab Almatook	Chairman	Corporate Governance, Human	Independent
Abdullah Mohamad Alabduljader	Vice Chairman	Resources, Compensation & Benefits	Independent
Mohammed Hamed Al Shalfan	Member	Management Issues	Independent

Audit & Risk Committee Members	Position	Responsibilities	Type of Membership
Ausama Abdulrahim Alkhaja	Chairman	Internal Audit External Audit	Independent
Mohamed Salah Al Ayoub	Vice Chairman	Compliance Anti-Money Laundering	Executive
Abdullah Mohamad Alabduljader	Member	Risk Management	Independent

Meetings of the Board of Directors shall be held in accordance with the regulations at least once every quarter and whenever necessary, in addition to the meetings of the Committees of the Board. During 2023, the Board of Directors met eight times and the Annual General

Meeting of the Company was held on 29 March 2023.

In addition, the Audit & Risk Committee met 6 times and the Nomination, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee had four meetings.

The Board of Directors and its committees receive periodical reports from Executive Management on all aspects of the Company's activities. The Board also receives periodical reports from the Internal Audit Department, Risk and Compliance Department, and Finance Department.

### **Audit & Risk Committee**

INOVEST's Board formed an Audit & Risk committee of three members, including the chairman as an independent member and two members one independent and one executive.

The Audit & Risk Committee has relevant financial ability and experience, which Include:

The ability to read and understand corporate financial statements including a company's balance sheet, income statement and cash flow statement and changes in shareholders' equity.

An understanding of the accounting principles which are applicable to the company's financial statements, experience in evaluating financial statements that have a level of accounting complexity comparable to that which can be expected in the company's business. an understanding of internal controls and procedures for financial reporting, and an understanding of the audit committee's functions and importance.

The Audit & Risk Committee Meets at least 4 time a year. The Committee has a formal written charter.

### Nomination, Remuneration & Corporate Governance Committee:

INOVEST's Board formed a Nomination, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee of three members, all of them are independent.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall meet at least 4 times a year. The Committee has a formal written charter.

Here are the names of the members of the Board of Directors and denominated position and other position they hold:

### Mohammed Hamed Al Shalfan Chairman Independent

Mr. Mohammed Al Shalfan joins INOVEST with over 20 years of experience in the real estate, financial, and contracting sectors. Mr. Al Shalfan is the residing CEO of Al-Masaken International for Real Estate Development Company (KSC). In addition to his membership in the INOVEST Board of Directors, he also sits on the Board of Warba Bank. He has been an active member in numerous boards of both local and international entities, most notably the Kuwaiti Manager Holding Company "KMC", KMC for Real Estate Projects Management, KMC Bahrain, KMC Saudi Arabia, Baytik Real Estate in Saudi Arabia and Al-Masaken in the United Kingdom.

Mr. Mohammed Al Shalfan holds a bachelor's degree in civil engineering from the University of Colorado (USA), a master's in business administration from DePaul University (USA) and has successfully completed a Harvard University Executive Program (USA).

### Mohammed Salah Al-Ayoub Vice Chairman Independent

Mr. Mohammed Al-Ayoub is a finance and investment professional with over 22 years of experience. He is currently CEO of Gulf Investment House Company and has similarly held other executive positions in numerous entities, including that of CEO of Ektitab Holding Company and prior to the President of Asset Department at Al Madina for Finance and Investment. Mr. Al-Ayoub's experience across the years has ranged from portfolio management across international regions to trading and dealing room management. Mr. Al-Ayoub is currently vice chairman of Afkar Holding Company.

Mr. Al-Ayoub holds a Bachelor of Science from Kuwait University (Kuwait).

### Abdulaziz Al Sanad Board Member Executive

Mr. Abdulaziz Al Sanad has over 15 years of practical experience in the fields of investment, capital markets, and corporate management. Mr. Al Sanad currently owns and manages Al Sanad Law Firm which is specialized in providing corporate and financial entities with legal support and guides their restructuring initiatives. Mr. Al Sanad is also the current Chairman of Gulf Investment house, having held this position since 2018. He has further held numerous Board memberships,including, Chairman of Madaen Properties PJSC, and Chairman of Gulf Real Estate Company "Saudi closed joint stock company".

Mr. Abdulaziz Al Sanad holds a bachelor's degree in Islamic Shariah from the University of Kuwait and a master's degree in law.

### Dr. Abdulaziz Fahad Al Dakheel Board Member Executive

Dr. Abdulaziz Al Dakheel has over 30 years of experience in analysis, development, and marketing of investments and shariah compliant financial products. Dr. Al Dakheel is the owner of AFD Consulting which had in the past associated with Barclay's Capital (Geneva) for regional product placement. Dr. Al Dakheel was pivotal in the establishment of a number of investment banks and institutions such as Venture Capital Bank (Bahrain), Ibdar Bank, and GFH. At present, Dr. Al Dakheel sits on the Boards of the Takreerat Oil Recycling and Blending Company and the Al-Baz Industrial Corporation, as well as Bayt Alnomow Capital Company (BNC). Dr. Al Dakhaeel has held numerous board seats in financial institutions across his tenure, including Adeem Capital Investment Bank, Ibdar Bank, Venture Capital, Al Khaleej Development Company (TAMEER), Reef Real Estate Finance Co., Tabuk Agricultural Development Co., and BNC.

Dr. Abdulaziz Al Dakheel holds a Bachelor of Science in Computer Engineering from the University of Washington (USA), a master's degree in business administration from Hull University (UK), and a PHD in Economics from the American University (UK).

### Mohammed Abdulwahab Al Matook Board Member Independent

Mr. Mohammed Al Matook has over 20 years of experience in property development and commercial malls and mall management across Kuwait, Oman, and the Kingdom of Bahrain. His expertise has been in business acceleration, and strategic growth and development. Mr. Al Matook has had a range of multi-disciplinary experiences having held the position of Deputy CEO of Al Hamra Real Estate Company, Kuwait, and as Senior Vice President of the Leasing Department at ALARGAN International Real Estate Company in Kuwait, Oman, and Bahrain. Currently he is a board member at Hilal Cement Company and Managing Director at Al Matooq Combined Group.

Mr. Mohammed Al Matook holds a Bachelor of Science in Civil Engineering from Florida Institute of Technology (USA) and a master's in business administration from Florida International University (USA).

### Abdullah Mohammed AlAbduljader Board Member Independent

Mr. Abdullah AlAbduljader has over 9 years of experience in the investment industry, with targeted experience in personal direct investments, corporate restructuring, private equity, and venture capital. Mr. AlAbduljader is Chief Execurive Officer at Gastronomica ME. Mr. AlAbduljader has held positions in several private organizations.

Mr. Abdullah AlAbduljader holds a bachelor's degree in Finance from the Gulf University for Science and Technology (Kuwait) and a master's degree in business administration and finance from Kuwait University (Kuwait).

### Ausama Abdulrahim Al-Khaja Board Member Independent

Mr.Ausama Al-Khaja is a seasoned professional with over 35 years of experience in the fields of finance, investment, real estate, trading, and infrastructure. Mr. Al-Khaja's career includes numerous milestones including a post as Head of Project Development (KFH Bahrain), co-founder of Aion Digital Company, a fintech engaged in developing digital platforms across the GCC, and founder of Al Dar Project Development, which is engaged in promoting and developing various projects in real estate and social infrastructure sectors. Mr. Al-Khajah is currently Chairman of Spire Technologies which handles open financial services and is also a board member in numerous companies including Baytik Industrial Oasis WLL, Next Energy WLL, Al Dar Project Development WLL and the LMRA.

Mr. Al-Khaja holds a bachelor's degree in accounting from the University of Bahrain (Kingdom of Bahrain), a has a CPA degree from the California State Board of Accountancy (USA).

### 7. Dates of Board of Directors Meetings and its Committees

Board of Directors: Six meetings were held during 2023:

	Meeting Date									
Board Member	28 <sup>th</sup> February 2023	10 <sup>th</sup> May 2023	11 <sup>th</sup> July 2023	20 <sup>th</sup> Septem- ber 2023	13 <sup>th</sup> November 2023	12 <sup>th</sup> December 2023	Attendance %			
Mohammad Hamed Al Shalfan	<b>✓</b>	✓	✓	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	100%			
Mohamed Salah Al Ayoub	✓	✓	✓	<b>✓</b>	✓	<b>√</b>	100%			
Abdulaziz Assad Alsanad	✓	✓	~	<b>✓</b>	✓	<b>✓</b>	100%			
Abdulaziz Fahad Dakheel	✓	✓	~	<b>✓</b>	✓	<b>√</b>	100%			
Mohammed Abdualwahab Almatook	<b>√</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	100%			
Abdullah Mohamad Alabduljader	✓	✓	✓	<b>✓</b>	✓	<b>✓</b>	100%			
Ausama Abdulrahim Alkhaja	✓	<b>✓</b>	✓	✓	✓	✓	100%			

### Nomination, Remuneration Committee: Four meetings were held during 2023:

Board Member	28 <sup>th</sup> February 2023	10 <sup>th</sup> August 2023	13 <sup>th</sup> November 2023	12 <sup>th</sup> December 2023	Attendance %
Mohammed Abdualwahab Almatook	✓	✓	✓	✓	100%
Abdullah Mohamad Alabduljader	✓	✓	✓	✓	100%
Mohammad Hamed Al Shalfan	✓	✓	✓	✓	50%

<sup>\*</sup>During Q1 2022, Mr. Mohammad Hamed Al Shalfan was appointed as a member of the NRCGC instead of Mr. Abdulaziz Assad Alsanad.

Audit, Risk and Corporate Governance Committee: Six meetings were held during 2023:

Board Member	Meeting Date				
	21 <sup>st</sup> February 2022	12 <sup>th</sup> May 2022	3 <sup>rd</sup> August 2022	9 <sup>th</sup> November 2022	Attendance %
Ausama Abdulrahim Alkhaja	✓	✓	✓	<b>✓</b>	100%
Mohamed Salah Al Ayoub	✓	✓	✓	✓	100%
Abdullah Mohamad Alabduljader	✓	✓	✓	✓	100%

### 8. Code of Ethics

The Board of Directors has adopted a code of ethics applying to all the staff. This code defines how to deal with cases involving conflicts of interest. It obliges all the members of the Board of Directors, Executive Management, and all employees to follow the highest professional measures and care while performing their duties.

All Board members and employees act ethically at all times and adhere to the Company's Code of Conduct.

In the event that a member of the Board of Directors becomes aware of an issue that may be tainted by a conflict of interest, he must notify the Board of that for the purpose of enabling the Board to take appropriate actions and decisions. The Board Charter also states that a member must be absent from discussions or decisions that involve a potential conflict of interest.

Each Board member at INOVEST understands that under INOVEST's rules and regulations he/she is personally accountable to the company and its shareholders if he/she violates the code of ethics and legal duty of loyalty to the company.

Every effort should be made by Board members to ensure that there is no conflict of interest between their personal and business affairs and the interests of the company and its clients and shareholders.

### 9. Induction and Training of Directors

INOVEST makes sure that all its Board's members have the knowledge, ability and experience to perform the functions required of a Board member. Hence, an awareness program is conducted for the new and existing Board members.

### 10.Performance Evaluation

In compliance with the Company Corporate Governance Guidelines as well as CBB guidelines, Board carried out a formal performance evaluation for all Board of Directors members. The evaluation is aimed to assess Board effectiveness and support in identifying the need for creating an effective Board, strategic foresight, stewardship, performance evaluation, professional development, engage with Management and performance of Individual Board Members.

The Board conducts an annual evaluation of its performance and the performance of each committee and each individual director.

### 11. Remuneration

Board of Directors' remuneration takes into consideration the Company performance as well as an assessment of compliance of individual members with their performance agreement and individual responsibilities. The AGM determines the Board of Directors' remuneration, and it is subject to the provisions of the Commercial Companies Law and to any decisions issued by the Minister of Industry, Commerce and Tourism, as well as the regulations of the Central Bank of Bahrain.

INOVEST's Board of Directors establish a Remuneration Committee to review and adopt the remuneration policies, and to monitor the remuneration system and ensure its proper implementation and management, and to make recommendations concerning the remuneration of the Board of Directors in the General Assembly meeting. The total Board remuneration was US\$ 335,189 in 2023.

### 12. Compliance with Regulatory Authorities Requirements

Being an Islamic Financial Institution, the Company observes a Policy of compliance at all times with the rules and regulations of regulatory authorities. It is Company Policy to disclose all events of non-compliance whenever they occur. Compliance has been improved through ongoing enhancement of the governance framework, the bedding-in of the comprehensive Corporate Governance Guide, in accordance with the Corporate Governance Code and CBB Rulebook HC Module, as prescribed in the Central Bank of Bahrain Rule Book. The Corporate Governance Guide includes a code of ethics for the Board and all committees under it. It also includes a Conflicts of Interest Policy, procedures for the reporting of offences, basic guiding principles for corporate governance, Board members' appointment agreement, Board members' performance evaluation Policy, and an External Advisors policy.

The Company continues to review and develop its corporate governance framework, in accordance with the changing requirements of regulatory authorities, and in compliance with global corporate governance best practice. In the interest of maintaining the highest standards of Corporate Governance at the company, and for its shareholders, the company is committed to keeping the members of the Board of Directors appraised of industry best practice, and to addressing any of their queries with regard to sound Corporate Governance. The Company, through the Board of Directors and its committees, aims to meet the highest standards of corporate governance, in the interest of its shareholders, and in line with the principle of comply or explain, the company would like to report on compliance with the following provisions of the Rules and Regulations Manual issued by the Central Bank of Bahrain:

- HC-9.1.5: The Company would like to state that there is no Sharia Supervisory Board member in the Governance Committee, but a Sharia Supervisory Board member may be invited for meetings that require the opinion of the Sharia Supervisory Board (when needed).

### 13. Sharia Supervisory Board

The Sharia Supervisory Board consists of three members who monitor compliance by the Company with the general principles and rules of Islamic Sharia, Fatwas, resolutions and guidelines issued for such purpose. The Board's reviews include examining and reviewing the evidences related to the documents and the procedures followed by the Company to ensure that all its activities and business transactions are in compliance with the principles and rules of Islamic Sharia. Following are the names of members of the Sharia Supervisory Board with a summarized profile of each.

### Shaikh Dr. Hamad Al Mazroui

He holds a PhD and a Master's degree in Fundamentals of Jurisprudence from the College of Sharia at the University of Jordan, as well as a Bachelor's degree in Fundamentals of Jurisprudence from the College of Sharia at Kuwait University. He is a member of the teaching staff at the College of Sharia at Kuwait University, and the Public Authority for Applied Education and Training. In addition to his academic qualifications, Sheikh Dr. Hamad Al Mazrouei holds a number of specialized professional certificates as a certified Sharia auditor, issued by the Central Bank of Kuwait, a certified accountant in Zakat, a certificate issued by the Kuwait Accountants and Auditors Association. Dr. Hamad Al-Mazrouei is a researcher in the field of Islamic economics. He has published books and researches in the field. He has published a number of peer-reviewed researches with the following titles, for example, but not limited to: The impact of the emergency circumstances theory on implied contracts, custom and its impact on jurisprudential rulings, zakat on inherited property before division.

### Shaikh Dr. Abdulrahman Al Baloul

He holds a Ph.D. in Comparative Jurisprudence and Principles of Jurisprudence from Kuwait Universitu. He also obtained a Master's degree in Fundamentals of Jurisprudence from the College of Sharia and Islamic Studies at the University of Jordan, the Hashemite Kinadom of Jordan, Prior to that, he obtained a Bachelor's degree in Comparative Jurisprudence and Shari'a Politics from the College of Sharia and Islamic Studies at Kuwait University.

Sheikh Dr. Abdul Rahman Al-Baloul has specialized professional certificates, as he is a certified Shari'a observer and auditor (CSAA), a certificate issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organization for Islamic Financial Institutions (AAOIFI), a certified Shari'a auditor - a certificate issued by the Central Bank of Kuwait, a certified banker in the field of Islamic banks - a certificate issued by the General Council of Banks and Islamic Financial Institutions (CIBAFI), a certified accountant in Zakat - a certificate issued by the Kuwait Association of Accountants and Auditors, he holds a license as a certified trainer in Islamic finance from the Islamic Economics Club at Kuwait Universitu.

Sheikh d. Abdul Rahman Al-Baloul has 12 years of experience in Islamic banks and the private sector. He is considered a researcher in the field of Islamic law and law. He has researches and books on the jurisprudence of financial transactions, and comparison with Arab civil laws. In addition, he is a faculty member in the Public Authority for Applied Education and Training in the State of Kuwait.

### Shaikh Dr. Mohamed Abdulrahman Al-Shurafa

He holds a PhD in Islamic Finance for a dissertation on External Sharia Auditing in Islamic Capital Markets, with distinction, from the University of Malaya - Malaysia. He also obtained a Master's degree in Islamic Finance CIFP - International University of Islamic Finance (INCEIF) affiliated to the Malaysian Central Bank Bank Negara - Malaysia. And an Executive Professional Master's Certificate in Islamic Finance and a Professional Diploma in Sharia Auditing - issued by the General Council for Islamic Banks and Financial Institutions (CIBAFI), and before that he obtained a Bachelor of Science in Finance from the Gulf University for Science and Technology - Kuwait

He is also a Certified Shari'a Supervisor and Auditor (CSAA), Certificate issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organization for Islamic Financial Institutions (AAOIFI), Professional Diploma in Shari'a Auditing, Certificate issued by the General Council for Islamic Banks and Financial Institutions (CIBAFI), Diploma of the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants in the field of Finance Islamic, Chartered Institute of Management Accountants (CIMA). He also obtained the Sharia Advisor Fellowship issued by the Saudi Judicial Scientific Society affiliated to Imam Muhammad bin Saud Islamic University.

Dr. Muhammad Al-Shurafa has practical experience specializing in external Sharia auditing and Islamic financial markets for more than ten years. He is a certified trainer for the advanced Islamic specialization certificate in Sharia auditing. He has great practical experience in the field of Sharia auditing applications, especially zakat and shares that are compatible with Islamic Sharia. Jurisprudence with regard to aspects of governance, Sharia auditing, capital market reports, and stock subscriptions

### 14. Executive Management's Committees

The Board of Directors has delegated the day-to-day management of the Company's affairs to the CEO who is responsible for the implementation of the strategic plan of the Company. The CEO manages the Company through the following management committees:

Committee Name	Primary Responsibilities		
Management Committee	<ul> <li>Corporate Strategy</li> <li>Performance Assessment</li> <li>Finance</li> <li>HR</li> <li>Administrative Issues</li> </ul>		
Assets & Liabilities Committee	<ul> <li>Manage the Balance Sheet</li> <li>Financial Management</li> <li>Liquidity Management</li> <li>Banking Relations</li> </ul>		
Investment Management Committee	<ul> <li>Review of Investments</li> <li>Exits Processes</li> <li>Acquisitions Processes</li> </ul>		

### 15. Executive Management and Senior Management

Following are the job titles of the members of the Executive Management of the Company:

### Yasser Hamad Al Jar Chief Executive Officer Resigned (last working day 31 December 2023)

Mr. Yaser Al Jar is a seasoned professional with over 25 years of experience focused in the fields of audit and assurance services, commercial banking, investment banking, and real estate. Mr. Al Jar joined the Group in August 2011 as "Executive Director – Finance" in Al Khaleej Development Co. (Tameer), a wholly owned subsidiary of Inovest, and continued his journey to become Chief Executive Officer of INOVEST in 2019. Al Jar started his career in 1998, in the domain of external assurance services with Arthur Anderson, one of the largest international audit firms at that time. Subsequently, Al Jar held a number of key positions as Financial Controller in a number of reputable financial institutions, namely Shamil Bank of Bahrain (which has merged with Ithmaar Bank) and Qatar First Investment Bank. During this period, Al Jar was nominated on several Board committees, most significantly on the Executive Management Committee. Mr. Al Jar has the distinguished credentials of having worked in the Islamic banking sector on numerous levels, from dealing with a range of business products, to deal sourcing, and interacting with third parties, as well as financial and investment structuring. He further sits on the Boards of a number of real estate and construction-based companies.

Mr. Al Jar holds a B.Sc in Accounting from the University of Bahrain. He holds CIPA and CSAA certificates from the Accounting and Auditing Organization for Islamic Financial Institutions (AAOIFI). He is an accredited instructor of the Islamic Accounting Standards issued by AAOIFI and member of the Technical Advisory and Interpretations Committee of AAOIFI. Furthermore, Al Jar is member of the working groups originated by AAOIFI to review and formulate the Islamic Accounting Standards.

### Adnan M. Rahma **Deputy Chief Executive Officer**

Adnan M. Rahma is a seasoned financial and investment advisor with a regional reputation, particularly in the sector of investment banking and business development in the Arabian Gulf. In the last quarter of 2023, he was officially approved by the CBB to lead Inovest, based on the decision by the company's board of directors. This move further fortified Inovest's executive team with two decades of Adnan's leadership and executive experience, during which he played a pivotal role in establishing several companies and investment funds in crucial economic sectors such as real estate, healthcare, education, digital transformation, and manufacturing and logistics.

Adnan has pioneered new investment strategies by injecting funds into the private equity (PE) sector through various investment rounds marked by high efficiency, rapid deal closures, and the diversification of investor bases.

Adnan is well recognized as a young GCC competent leadership, boasting an impressive track record of achievements and successes across various domains, especially in private equity, direct investment, transaction support services, and deal sourcing. He achieved this through strong and valuable relationships and extensive network amongest investment institutions, leading financial entities, family offices, and HNWIs within GCC and the ME Region.

Prior to joining Inovest, Adnan played a key role in founding, managing, and developing the operations of ORIENT MiddleEast Advisory in Bahrain and Saudi Arabia. He also held several leadership positions in Gulf Finance House, GB Corp Bank, and Arcapita Asset Management in the Kingdom of Bahrain, as well as Gulf Islamic Investments in the United Arab Emirates.

Adnan holds a Bachelor's degree in Business Administration and Marketing from Alliant International University in San Diego, California. He has actively attended and participated in numerous advanced local and international professional courses, conferences, and various workshops in the fields of business management, effective leadership, and investment.

### Talal Abdulaziz Al Mulla **Chief Investment Officer**

Mr. Talal Al Mulla joins the INOVEST team with over 22 years of experience in investment banking with an established track record in developing and managing investment portfolios as well as handling quasi-debt financing, capital preservation and return distribution. Throughout his career, Mr. Al Mulla has held several progressive posts, including his most recent as Chief Investment Officer at Al Salam Bank Bahrain, where he played a critical role in deal sourcing and negotiation, structuring, risk management and portfolio control, as well as exit strategizing. Talal's background as both an accountant and an auditor further adds a specialized risk management and financial control framework to his investment acumen.

Mr. Al Mulla holds a B.Sc in Accounting from the University of Bahrain, and also holds CPA and CIA accreditations.

### Dana Mohammed Al Haddad **Head of Corporate Communications & HR** Resigned (last working day 30th November 2023)

With over 21 years of communications experience within the financial sector, Dana Al Haddad, is responsible for Inovest's corporate communications, branding, PR, internal communications, and events. During her career Dana's scope of communications work has been focused on the financial, investment, and real estate sectors, but has also touched upon mortgage finance. Having been appointed Head of Human Resources and Administration in 2015, Dana also manages all HR matters across the Group, from strategic planning, administration, to the application and coordination of all HR policies and programs. Within the scope of administrative works, Dana also oversees the IT function within the company.

Dana graduated summa cum laude with a Master's Degree in Business Administration from Strathclyde University, Scotland, and with a BSC in Marketing and Economics from Concordia University, Canada

### Yusuf Ebrahim Maraghi Director - Finance

Mr. Yusuf Maraghi joined the INOVEST team in 2018, with over 21 years of experience in the field of finance and accounting. Across his career, Mr. Maraghi held responsibility for finance strategy, managing the corporate accounts, intercompany and interbank relations, as well as budget development and approval, and streamlining financial policies and procedures. Prior to joining the team, Yusuf was Head of Finance as Eazy Financial Services, and held positions in major academic institutions, and in AlSalam Bank before that.

Yusuf graduated from the University of Bahrain with a BSC degree in Accounting.

### Hamad Abdulla Zainalabedeen Head of Internal Audit

Hamad Zainalabedeen joined Inovest BSC in 2009 as the Head of Internal Audit Department. Mr. Zainalabedeen has worked in a number of local and world renowned financial institutions and professional audit firms over the last 21 years with extensive auditing experience in Islamic Investment Banks, Investment Businesses, Manufacturing Enterprises, Governmental Organizations and other sectors

Prior to joining Inovest, Mr. Zainalabedeen held leading positions in Internal Audit at Investment Dar Bank and Gulf Finance House. Hamad also worked with Ernst & Young and Arthur Andersen as an external auditor.

Hamad holds an Executive MBA and Bachelors of Science in Accounting from the University of Bahrain.

### Fathi Mohamed Director- Legal Resigned (last working day 30 November 2023)

Mr. Fathi brings with him over 31 years of experience in the legal field, combined with practical, first-hand experience of the laws and legislatures of the Gulf countries in addition to those of Egypt. Mr. Fathi started his career as a lawyer in Cairo and then moved on to being a legal consultant in Dubai, UAE. Mr. Fathi progressed to working as a legal advisor in the State of Kuwait, gaining a broad range of experience over the span of 16 years in the field with a number of reputable companies before moving to Bahrain to work as Director of the legal department of Inovest at the end of January 2021. Mr. Fathi holds a Bachelor's degree in Law from Cairo University (1988) and has furthered his education through numerous legal certifications and programs dedicated to the legal aspects of investment activities and commercial contracts from both local and foreign institutions.

### **ALI HAJI**

### **Head of Risk Management**

Mr. Ali is an accomplished risk management professional with over 13 years of experience in the financial industry.

Throughout his career, Ali has demonstrated expertise in risk assessment, research, and analysis. He has worked with several organizations, including International Payment Services, Venture Capital Bank, and National Bank of Bahrain.

Mr. Ali's professional experience includes serving in various roles in risk management. Currently, he serves as the Director of Risk at Inovest BSC, where he is responsible for developing risk models, designing, and implementing an overall risk management process, and establishing the level of risk the company is willing to take.

Mr. Ali has earned several certifications, including (APRM) from Professional Risk Managers' International Association (PRMIA) and FBR from the Global Association of Risk Professionals (GARP). He also holds a B.A in Business and Finance from Heriot-Watt University

### Ahmed Khameeri Director-Compliance

Mr. Ahmed Khameeri joined Inovest in 2022 with more than 17 years of experience in the financial sector, in particular retail banking services as well as investment and offshore banks, most of which he specialized in the areas of governance, compliance, anti-money laundering and risk management. Prior to joining Inovest, he held the position of Head of Compliance and Money Laundering Reporting Officer at Tadhamon Capital B.S.C. for a period of 8 years, where he worked on developing and improving frameworks and promoting a culture of compliance and raising awareness regarding compliance and anti-money laundering issues within the work environment.

Prior to that, Ahmed worked in several departments in both Global Banking Corporation (GBCORP) and Arab Bank, such as compliance, support services for treasury and offshore operations and retail banking. Ahmed holds an International Diploma in Governance, Risk and Compliance from the International Compliance Association "ICA" in cooperation with the University of Manchester Business School. He is a member of the International Compliance Association (MICA). He also holds an Advanced Diploma in Islamic Commercial Jurisprudence from the Bahrain Institute of Banking and Finance (BIBF) as well as a Diploma in Business Studies from the University of Bahrain and also a Bachelor's degree in Banking and Finance from Kingdom University.

### 16. Executive Management Shareholding

Deputy Chief Executive Officer holds 877 shares of Inovest.

### 17. Executive Management Remuneration

The Company Establishes management remuneration in line with approved internal policies, procedures and guidelines. The qualification of such remuneration set by the company's Board of Directors. The total salaries, allowances and remuneration paid to the senior Management was US\$ 1,109,780 in 2023.

### 18. Related Party Transactions

The details of related party transactions are shown under Note (28) of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ending 31 December 2023 as per Article (189) of the Commercial Companies Law.

### 19. Compliance Control and Money Laundering Combating

Company recognizes its responsibility of compliance with all the related provisions by implementing global best practice. The Company has established a unit for regulatory control, to ensure adherence to the guidelines & rules of the Central Bank of Bahrain. This unit acts both to ensure observance of the principles of Islamic Sharia and regulatory rules, and the implementation of Compliance best practice.

The procedures for combating money laundering form a major part of compliance assignments. The Company maintains specific policies and procedures, approved by the Board of Directors, for money laundering prevention. These include a Client Due Diligence process, reporting of suspicious transactions, periodical staff awareness and training programs, & record-keeping, as well as the key policy of appointment of an officer dedicated to money laundering prevention. Money laundering prevention Policy & Procedures are reviewed annually by external auditors, who report their findings to the Central Bank of Bahrain. The Company is committed to combating money laundering, and to implementing all AML rules, principles and guidelines issued by the Central Bank of Bahrain.

Pursuant to HC Module of the CBB Rulebook (Volume 4 - HC Module) that refers to the principle of "Comply or Explain", which provides that it is necessary for the Company to interpret non-compliance events with the recommendations prescribed in the Rulebook, the Company is pleased to inform the shareholders that the Company is in compliance with CBB rules and guidance.

### 20. External Auditor

The AGM held on 29<sup>th</sup> March 2023 approved reappointing M/S Ernst & Young to conduct the review and audit of the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023. Total fees approved by the Board of Directors for the external auditors were US\$ 44,271.

### 21. Employment of Relatives Policy

The AGM held on 29<sup>th</sup> March 2023 approved reappointing M/S Ernst & Young to conduct the review and audit of the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023. Total fees approved by the Board of Directors for the external auditors were US\$ 44,271.

### 22. Communications with the Investors

INOVEST communicate to investors through the adherence with both Bahrain Bourse and Kuwait Boursa rules and regulations with regard to disclosure of material information beside the press releases the Company issued. The Investor may communicate with the Company via visiting its official website to view the financial data and statements, and all the other information included in the website.

### SHARIA SUPERVISORY BOARD REPORT

In the name of Allah, The Beneficent, The Merciful

Sharia Supervisory Board Report on the activities of INOVEST Company B.S.C

For the Twelve Months Period Ended 31 December 2023.

All praise is due to Allah , Lord of the worlds, Prayers and Peace are upon the last messenger, our prophet Mohammed, his family and companions.

To the Shareholders of INOVEST B.S.C "the Company",

Acting as Sharia Supervisory Board "SSB" pursuant to the appointment resolution passed by the General Assembly of the Company and SSB meeting on Monday 19th Feb. 2024 in State of Kuwait, we are required to provide the following report:

The SSB has reviewed the Company's principles, contracts related transactions, and applications submitted by the Company's management for the twelve months period ended 31 December 2023, and based on the Sharia auditor presentation of the Company's activities for the abovementioned period, and comparing it with the fatwa and rulings issued.

The Company's management is responsible for ensuring that the Company conducts its business in accordance with the Islamic Shari'a Rules and principles. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our review of the Company's operations and to report to you.

We planned and performed our review so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the Company has not violated Islamic Shari rules and principles.

In our opinion:

The contracts and transactions concluded by the Company during the Twelve Months Period Ended 31 December 2023 that we have reviewed are in compliance with the Islamic Shari'a Rules and Principles.

Also, the SSB has approved the financial statements and concluded that it's prepared in an acceptable form from Islamic Sharia view. The respective report has been prepared based on the information provided by the Company.

Prayers and Peace are upon the last messenger, our prophet Mohammed, his family and companions.

Dr. Hamad Yusuf AlMazrouie

Chairman

Dr. Abdulrahman Mohamad Al-Baloul

Vice Chairman

Dr. Mohammed Abdulrahman AlShurafa

Member



### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF INOVEST B.S.C.

### Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Inovest B.S.C. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group"), which compromise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, and the related consolidated statements of income, cash flows, changes in owners> equity, and sources and uses of charity fund for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023, and the consolidated results of the operations, its cash flows, changes in owners) equity and sources and uses of charity fund for the year then ended in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organisation for Islamic Financial Institutions ("AAOIFI").

In our opinion, the Group has also complied with the Islamic Shariva Principles and Rules as determined by the Shariva Supervisory Board of the Group during the period under audit.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditina Standards for Islamic Financial Institutions issued by AAOIFI. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section in our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the AAOIFI's Code of Ethics for Accountants and Auditors of Islamic Financial Institutions (Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the Kingdom of Bahrain, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material judgment of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

### 1. Allowance for expected credit losses Refer to notes 3, 4 & 6 Key audit matter / risk How the key audit matter was addressed in the audit The Group's gross receivables as of 31 December 2023 amounts to Our audit procedures included, among others: US\$ 48.44 million and the related allowance for expected credit losses amounts to US\$ 23.70 million. Testing the accuracy of ageing of receivables. The Group applied the simplified approach to measuring Expected Assessing the appropriateness of segmentation of receivables of Credit Losses (ECL) on receivables as allowed by FAS 30. The customers based on credit characteristics. determination of the ECL allowance for receivables involves estimates and assumptions in relation to loss rates based on past history of Assessing the Group's ECL allowance process including defaults, existing market conditions, segmentation of customers based reasonableness of the inputs used. on credit characteristics as well as forward looking estimates. Assessing the adequacy of the disclosures in relation to Due to the significance of receivables and subjectivity involved in the receivables and allowance for determination of ECL, this is considered as a key audit matter.



### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF INOVEST B.S.C. (continued)

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Key audit matters (continued)

2. Valuation and Impairment of Investments						
Refer to notes 3, 4, 7, 8 & 9						
Key audit matter / risk	How the key audit matter was addressed in the audit					
The Groups investments comprise of: i) Equity-type instruments at fair value through equity ("FVTE"); ii) Investments in real estate; and iii) Investment in joint venture and associates	Our audit procedures included, among others, the following:  Understanding the process of valuations of investments for the purpose of assessing changes in fair value of investments or impairment assessment.					
The above investments represent 79% of the Group's total assets. The valuation of investments involves complex accounting requirements, including assumptions, estimates and judgements underlying the determination of fair values, which increases the level of judgement required by the Group in calculating the fair values, and the associated audit risk.	Obtaining independent external valuation reports and assessing the appropriateness of the valuation methods and assumptions taken by the valuers.  We assessed the adequacy of the Group's disclosures in relation to these investments by reference to the requirements of the relevant accounting standards.					

### Other information included in the Chairman's Report and Shari'a Supervisory Board Report

Other information consists of the information included in the Chairman's statement and the Shari'a Supervisory Board report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditors report thereon. The Board of Directors is responsible for the other

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement, of this other information, we are required to report the fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of the Board of Directors for the consolidated financial statements

These consolidated financial statements and the Group's undertaking to operate in accordance with Islamic Shari'ah Rules and Principles are the responsibility of the Company's Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with AAOIFI and for such internal control as the Board of Directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with AAOIFI will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements



### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with AAOIFI, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Bahrain Commercial Companies Law and the Central Bank of Bahrain (CBB) Rule Book (Volume 4), we report that:

- a) the financial information contained in the Report of the Board of Directors is consistent with the consolidated financial statements;
- b) the financial information contained in the Report of the Board of Directors is consistent with the consolidated financial statements;
- c) except for what has been reported in note 1 to the consolidated financial statements, we are not aware of any violations of the Bahrain Commercial Companies Law, the Central Bank of Bahrain and Financial Institutions Law, the CBB Rule Book (Volume 4 and applicable provisions of Volume 6) and CBB directives, or the terms of the Company's memorandum and articles of association having occurred during the year ended 31 December 2023 that might have had a material adverse effect on the business of the Company or on its financial position; and
- d) satisfactory explanations and information have been provided to us by management in response to all our requests.

The Partner in charge of the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Nader Rahimi.

Auditor's Registration No: 45 20 February 2024 Manama, Kingdom of Bahrain

	Note	2023	2022
ASSETS			
Cash and bank balances	5	17,960	17,819
Accounts receivable	6	24,743	20,626
Investments	7	9,650	14,788
Investments in joint ventures and associates	8	94,088	93,908
Investments in real estate	9	83,451	82,045
Property, plant and equipment	10	9,393	10,009
Other assets	11	3,369	977
Right of use asset	12	46	155
TOTAL ASSETS		242,700	240,327
LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY			
Liabilities			
Other liabilities and accounts payable	13	68,476	66,990
ljarah liability	14	43	167
Financing from a bank	15	-	3,912
Total liabilities		68,519	71,069
Owners' Equity			
Share capital	16	120,334	120,334
Less: Treasury shares	16 <sub>9</sub> 18	(1,309)	(1,309)
		119,025	119,025
Reserves	17	7,322	6,782
Retained earnings		22,200	18,029
Equity attributable to Parent's equity shareholders		148,547	143,836
Non-controlling interests		25,634	25,422
Total owners' equity		174,181	169,258
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY		242,700	240,327

Mohamed Hamed Al-Shalfan Chairman

Adnan Mohammed Rahma
Acting Chief Executive Officer

**Mohamed Salah Al-Ayoub** Vice Chairman

	Note	2023	2022
OPERATING INCOME			
Net income from construction contracts	19	206	873
Income from investments in real estate	20	4,176	4,387
Income from investments	21	3,327	65
Fee from management and other services	22	2,712	3,146
Share of net gain / (loss) from investments in joint ventures and associates	8	623	(1,015)
Other income	23	1,346	1,214
TOTAL OPERATING INCOME		12,390	8,670
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Staff costs	24	3,736	3,944
General and administrative expenses	25	2,188	2,249
Property related expenses		1,913	1,839
Depreciation	10	312	380
Financing costs		145	330
Net Ijarah cost	26	116	123
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		8,410	8,865
NET OPERATING PROFIT / (LOSS)		3,980	(195)
Net (charge) / reversal of provision for expected credit loss	6 <sub>9</sub> 5	(727)	35
Net movement in provision for case compensation	13	1,593	1,267
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		4,846	1,107
Attributable to :			
Equity shareholders of the Parent		4,634	923
Non-controlling interests		212	184
		4,846	1,107
BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE (US\$ cents)	27	1.56	0.31

Mohamed Hamed Al-Shalfan Chairman

Adnan Mohammed Rahma Acting Chief Executive Officer Mohamed Salah Al-Ayoub Vice Chairman

		Equity a	attributable to	o Parent's shar	eholders			
			Res	erves				
	Share capital	Treasury shares	Statutory reserve	Fair value through equity reserve	Retained earnings	Total equity	Non- controlling interest	Total owners' equity
At 1 January 2023	120,334	(1,309)	4,743	2,039	18,029	143,836	25,422	169,258
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	4,634	4,634	212	4,846
Transfer of fair value loss upon disposal of an investment (17 b)	-	-	-	(62)	-	(62)	-	(62)
Unrealised fair value gain on investments (17 b)	-	-	-	139	-	139	-	139
Transfer to statutory reserve (note 17 a)	-	-	463	-	(463)	-	-	-
As at 31 December 2023	120,334	(1,309)	5,206	2,116	22,200	148,547	25,634	174,181
	Share capital	Treasury shares	Statutory reserve	Fair value through equity reserve	Retained earnings	Total equity	Non- controlling interest	Total owners' equity
At 1 January 2022	120,334	(1,309)	4,651	2,213	17,198	143,087	25,238	168,325
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	923	923	184	1,107
Unrealised fair value loss on investments (17 b)	-	-	-	(174)	-	(174)	-	(174)
Transfer to statutory reserve (note 17 a)	_	-	92	-	(92)	-	-	-
As at 31 December 2022	120,334	(1,309)	4,743	2,039	18,029	143,836	25,422	169,258

# **INOVEST B.S.C.** CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SOURCES AND USES OF CHARITY FUNDS For the year ended 31 December 2023 (Expressed in US\$000's)

	2023	2022
Sources of charity funds		
Undistributed charity funds at the beginning of the year	21	24
Contributions for charitable purposes made by the Company	-	(3)
Undistributed charity funds at end of year	21	21

	Note	2023	2022
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net profit for the year		4,846	1,107
Adjustments for :			
Depreciation	10	695	658
Net charge / (reversal) of provision for expected credit loss	5 9 6	727	(35)
Realised gain on sale of investment	21	(3,203)	-
Net reversal in provision for case compensation	13	(1,593)	(1,267)
Share of net (gain) / loss from investments in joint ventures and associates ventures and associates	8	(623)	1,015
Profit expense on murabaha		145	330
Net ijarah cost		116	123
Loss / (gain) on sale of investments in real estate	20	130	(579)
Write off during the year	6	(270)	(305)
		970	1,047
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Short-term deposits (with an original maturity of more than 90 days)		2,912	(2,765)
Accounts receivable		(4,656)	96
Other assets		(2,392)	(446)
Other liabilities and accounts payable		3,079	(866)
ljarah payments	14	(131)	(121)
Net cash used in operating activities		(218)	(3,055)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of investment		8,238	
Proceeds from sale of investments in real estate		1,311	1,158
Distributions received from a joint venture and associates	8	1,318	372
Purchase of investment in a joint venture and associates	8	(875)	(247)
Additional capitalisation of investments in real estate	9	(2,847)	(3,100)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	10	(79)	(2,306)
Proceeds from capital reduction for investments		240	166
Purchase of investments		(60)	(2,164)
Cash from / (used) in investing activities		7,246	(6,121)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Settlement of commodity murabaha financing	15	(3,912)	(1,845)
Settlement of commodity murabaha financing		(145)	(330)
Net cash used in financing activities		(4,057)	(2,175)
Net cash used in financing activities		2,971	(11,351)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		7,291	18,642
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR	5	10,262	7,291
Non cash transactions comprise:			
Changes in unrealised gain / (loss) in investment fair value reserve	17	139	(174)

#### 1 CORPORATE INFORMATION AND ACTIVITIES

#### a) Incorporation

Inovest B.S.C. (the "Company") is a public shareholding company incorporated in the Kingdom of Bahrain (Bahrain) on 18 June 2002 and operates under Commercial Registration (CR) number 48848. The Company commenced operations on 1 October 2002. Under the terms of its Memorandum and Articles of Association, the duration of the Company is 50 years, renewable for further similar periods unless terminated earlier by law or as stated in the Memorandum and Articles of Association. The address of the Company's registered office is 35th floor, East Tower, Bahrain Financial Harbour, Manama, Kingdom of Bahrain.

The Company is listed on the Bahrain Bourse and cross-listed on the Kuwait Stock Exchange.

The Company operates under an Investment Business Firm License – Category 1 (Islamic Principles) issued by the Central Bank of Bahrain ("CBB"), to operate under the Islamic Shari'a principles, and is supervised and regulated by the CBB.

# b) Activities

The principal activities of the Company together with its subsidiaries (the "Group") include:

- Engaging directly in all types of investments, including direct investment and securities, and various types of investment funds;
- Establishing and managing various investment funds;
- Dealing in financial instruments in the local, regional and international markets;
- Providing information and studies related to different types of investments for others;
- Providing financial services and investment consultations to others;
- Establishing joint ventures with real estate, industrial and services companies inside or outside the Kingdom of Bahrain;
- Engaging in contracting activities;
- Engaging in the management of commercial and industrial centers and residential buildings, property leasing, development and their maintenance; and
- Having interest in or participating in any way with companies and other entities engaged in similar activities that may work and co-operate to achieve the Group's objectives inside and outside the Kingdom of Bahrain, and also merge its activities with the above mentioned entities and/or buy or join with them.

Although the Company has an Investment Business Firm License - Category 1 (Islamic Principles) issued by the CBB in September 2008, it continues to hold real estate assets and related revenues and costs in its consolidated financial statements. These assets existed prior to obtaining the license from the CBB. The Company has transferred its entire real estate assets and the related revenues and costs to its fully owned subsidiary, Al Khaleej Development Co. W.L.L.(Tameer), which primarily carries out real estate and construction related activities. Since Al Khaleej Development Co. W.L.L.(Tameer) is fully owned by the Company, the real estate assets and revenues and costs continue to appear in the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the uear ended 31 December 2023. The respective notes in these consolidated financial statements reflect the Group's transactions arising from holding of real estate assets and their corresponding liabilities and revenues and costs arising therefrom.

The number of staff employed by the Group as at 31 December 2023 was 543 employees (31 December 2022: 650 employees).

The consolidated financial statements of the Group were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors dated 20 February 2024.

#### **2 BASIS OF PREPARATION**

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organisation for Islamic Financial Institutions ("AAOIFI"), the Shari'a Rules and Principles as determined by the Shari'a Supervisory Board of the Group, the Bahrain Commercial Companies Law, the CBB, Financial Institutions Law, the CBB Rule Book (Volume 4 and applicable provisions of Volume 6), CBB directives, regulations and associated resolutions, rules and procedures of the Bahrain Bourse and the terms of the Company's memorandum and articles of association. In accordance with the requirements of AAO-IFI, for matters for which no AAOIFI standard exists, the Group uses the relevant International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

# 2.2 Accounting convention

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for investment in joint ventures and associates which are equity accounted, equity-type instruments at fair value through equity ("FVTE") and investment in real estate that have been measured at fair value. The consolidated financial statements are presented in United States Dollars ("US Dollars") being the reporting currency of the Group. All values are rounded to the nearest US Dollar thousands unless otherwise indicated. However, the functional currency of the Group is Bahraini Dinars ("BD").

#### 2.3 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as at and for the year ended 31 December each year. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting year as the Company, using consistent accounting policies.

All intra-group balances, transactions, income and expenses and profits and losses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Subsidiary is fully consolidated from the date control is transferred to the Company and continues to be consolidated until the date that control ceases. Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

Non-controlling interest in a subsidiary's net assets is reported as a separate item in the Group's owners' equity. In the consolidated statement of income, non-controlling interest is included in net profit, and shown separately from that of the shareholders.

Non-controlling interests consist of the amount of those interests at the date of the original business combination and the non-controlling interests' share of changes in owners' equity since the date of combination. Losses applicable to the non-controlling interest in excess of the non-controlling interest in a subsidiary's equity are allocated against the interests of the Group except to the extent that the non-controlling interest has a binding obligation and is able to make an additional investment to cover the losses.

Transactions with non-controlling interests are handled in the same way as transactions with external parties. Sale of participations to non-controlling interests result in a gain or loss that is recognised in the consolidated statement of income. Changes in the ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transaction.

The following are the principal subsidiaries of the Company, which are consolidated in these consolidated financial statements:

Name of the subsidiary	Ownership 2023	Ownership 2022	Country of incorporation	Year of incorporation	Activity
Held directly by the Company					
Al Khaleej Development Co. W.L.L.(Tameer)	100.00%	100.00%	Kingdom of Bahrain	2009	Purchase, sale, management and development of properties

# 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

#### 2.3 Basis of consolidation (continued)

Name of the subsidiary	Ownership 2023	Ownership 2022	Country of incorporation	Year of	Activity
	2023	2022			
Inoventures Company W.L.L.	100.00%	100.00%	Kingdom of Bahrain	2023	Selling and buying shares and securities for company's account only.

The following are the subsidiaries held indirectly through Al Khaleej Development Co. W.L.L.(Tameer):

Name of the subsidiary	"Ownership 2023"	"Ownership 2022"	Country of incorporation	Year of	Activity
	2023	2022			
Held indirectly by the Company					
Bahrain Investment Wharf W.L.L	100.00%	100.00%	Kingdom of Bahrain	2006	Development, maintenance, leasing and management of commercial and industrial centers, residential buildings and property.
Tamcon Contracting Co. W.L.L.	100.00%	100.00%	Kingdom of Bahrain	2007	Contracting activities.
Dannat Resort Development Company Limited	67.57%	67.57%	Cayman Islands	2008	Managing and Development of Real Estate Projects.
Tamcon Trading W.L.L.	100.00%	100.00%	Kingdom of Bahrain	2009	Import, export, sale of electronic & electrical equipment, appliances, its spare parts and sale of building materials.
Panora Interiors W.L.L.	100.00%	100.00%	Kingdom of Bahrain	2015	Carpentry and joinery works.
BIW Labour Accommodation Co W.L.L.	60.21%	60.21%	Kingdom of Bahrain	2007	Buying, selling and management of properties.

# 2.4 New standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not yet effective

# FAS 40 Financial Reporting for Islamic Finance Windows

AAOIFI issued FAS 40 "Financial Reporting for Islamic Finance Windows" in 2021. The objective of this standard is to establish financial reporting requirements for Islamic financial services offered by conventional financial instituitions (in form of Islamic finance window). This standard shall be effective for the financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024 with early adoption permitted.

The Group's management does not expect the above accounting standard to have an impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

# FAS 42 Presentation and Disclosures in the Financial Statements of Takaful Institutions

This standard sets out the principles for the presentation and disclosure for the financial statements of Takaful institutions. It aims to ensure that the Takaful institutions faithfully present the information related to these arrangements to the relevant stakeholder as per the contractual relationship between the parties and the business model of the Takaful business in line with the Shari'ah principles and rules. This standard shall be effective for the financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025 with early adoption permitted.

The Group's management does not expect the above accounting standard to have an impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

# 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

#### 2.4 New standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not yet effective (continued)

# FAS 43 Accounting for Takaful: Recognition and Measurement

This standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement and reporting of Takaful arrangements and ancillary transactions for the Takaful institutions. It aims to ensure that the Takaful institutions faithfully present the information related to these arrangements to the relevant stakeholders as per the contractual relationship between the parties and the business model of the Takaful business in line with the Shari'ah principles and rules. The requirements of this standard are duly aligned with the international best practices of financial reporting for the insurance business. This standard shall be effective for the financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025 with early adoption permitted.

The Group's management does not expect the above accounting standard to have an impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

#### FAS 1 General Presentation and Disclosures in the Financial Statement

The standard describes and improves the overall presentation and disclosure requirements prescribed in line with the global best practices and superseds the earlier FAS 1.This standard shall be effective for the financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024 with early adoption permitted.

The Group's management is currently assessing the impact of the above standard on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

# FAS 45 Quasi - Equity (Including Investment Accounts)

AAOIFI issued FAS 45 "Quasi - Equity (Including Investment Accounts)" in 2023. The objective of this standard is to establish the principles of financial reporting related to instruments classified as Quasi - Equity, such as investment accounts and similar instruments invested with Islamic financial institutions. Quasi - Equity is an element of financial statements of an institution in line with the "AAOIFI Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting". This standard shall be effective for the financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026 with early adoption permitted.

The Group's management is currently assessing the impact of the above standard on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

#### FAS 46 Off - Balance - Sheet Assets Under Management

AAOIFI issued FAS 46 "Off - Balance - Sheet Assets Under Management" in 2023. The objective of this standard is to establish the principles of financial reporting related off - balance - sheet assets under management in line with with the "AAOIFI Cenceptual Framework for Financial Reporting". This standard shall be effective for the financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026 with early adoption permitted.

The Group's management is currently assessing the impact of the above standard on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

#### FAS 47 Transfer of Assets between Investment Pools

AAOIFI issued FAS 47 "Transfer of Assets between Investment Pools" in 2023. The objective of this standard is to establish the principles that apply in respect of transfer of assets between various investment pools of an Islamic financial institution. This standard shall be effective for the financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026 with early adoption permitted.

The Group's management is currently assessing the impact of the above standard on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

#### 3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are set out below:

#### a. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents as referred to in the consolidated statement of cash flows comprise cash in hand, bank balances and short term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

#### b. Accounts receivable

Accounts receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable paument that are not quoted in active market. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost, less impairment. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the consolidated statement of income as provision for expected credit losses.

#### c. Investments

Investments comprise equity-type instruments at fair value through equity, investments in real estate and investments in a joint venture and associates.

# Equity-type instrument at fair value through equity

This includes all equity-type instruments that are not fair valued through consolidated statement of income. Subsequent to acquisition, investments designated at fair value through equity are re-measured at fair value with unrealised gains or losses recognised in owners' equity until the investment is derecognised or determined to be impaired at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recorded in owners' equity is recognised in consolidated statement of income.

# Non-monetary debt type instrument at fair value through equity

This includes all non-monetary debt type instruments that are not fair valued through consolidated statement of income. Subsequent to acquisition, investments designated at fair value through equity are re-measured at fair value with unrealised gains or losses recognised in owners' equity until the investment is derecognised or determined to be impaired at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recorded in owners' equity is recognised in consolidated statement of income.

# Investment in real estate

Properties held for rental, or for capital appreciation purposes, or both, are classified as investment in real estate. Investments in real estate are initially recorded at cost, being the fair value of the consideration given and acquisition charges associated with the property. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment in real estate are re-measured at fair value and changes in fair value (only gains) are recognised through the consolidated statement of owners' equity.

Losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment in real estate are recognised in the consolidated statement of income. When the property is disposed of, the gains or losses arising on disposal is taken to the consolidated statement of income.

#### Investment in joint ventures and associates

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

An associate is an entity in which the Group has significant influence and which is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture.

#### 3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### c. Investments (continued)

# Investment in joint ventures and associates (continued)

Under the equity method, investment in a joint ventures and associates are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost plus post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of the net assets of the joint ventures and associates. The consolidated statement of income reflects the Group's share of the results of operations of the joint ventures and associates. Where there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the joint ventures and associates, the Group recognises its share of any changes and discloses this, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in owners' equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the joint ventures and associates are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the joint ventures and associates.

The reporting dates of the joint ventures and associates and the Group are identical and the joint ventures and associates' accounting policies conform to those used by the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognise an impairment loss on the Group's investment in joint venture and associates. The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that investment in a joint venture or associates is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as being the difference between the recoverable amount of the joint venture and associates and its carrying value and recognises the impairment in the consolidated statement of income.

#### d. Fair values

Fair value is the value representing the estimate of the amount of cash or cash equivalent that would be received for an asset sold or the amount of cash or cash equivalent paid for a liability extinguished or transferred in an orderly transaction between a willing buyer and a willing seller at the measurement date.

Fair value is determined for each financial asset individually in accordance with the valuation policies set out below:

- (i) For investments that are traded in organised financial markets, fair value is determined by reference to the quoted market bid prices prevailing on the consolidated statement of financial position date.
- (ii) For unquoted investments, fair value is determined by reference to recent significant buy or sell transactions with third parties that are either completed or are in progress. Where no recent significant transactions have been completed or are in progress, fair value is determined by reference to the current market value of similar investments. For others, the fair value is based on the net present value of estimated future cash flows, or other relevant valuation methods.
- (iii) For investments that have fixed or determinable cash flows, fair value is based on the net present value of estimated future cash flows determined by the Group using current profit rates for investments with similar terms and risk characteristics.
- (iv) Investments which cannot be remeasured to fair value using any of the above techniques are carried at cost, less provision for impairment.

# e. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Depreciation on premises and equipment is provided on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Building on leasehold land	25 years
Machinery, equipment, furniture and fixtures	3-5 years
Computer hardware and software	3 years
Motor vehicles	3 uears

# 3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### f. Other liabilities and accounts payable

Trade and other payables are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods or services received, whether billed by the supplier or not.

#### g. Financing from a bank

Financing from a bank is recognised initially at the proceeds received, net of transaction cost incurred. Subsequently, these are carried at amortised cost.

# h. Treasury shares

Own equity instruments which are reacquired (treasury shares) are deducted from the equity of the parent and accounted for at weighted average cost. Consideration paid or received on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments is recognised directly in the equity of the parent. No gain or loss is recognised in consolidated statement of income on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of own equity instruments.

# i. Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

# (i) Financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised where:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired;
- the Group retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and
- either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

# (ii) Financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

#### j. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and the costs to settle the obligation are both probable and reliably measurable. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the liability.

# k. Amortised cost measurement

The amortised cost of a financial asset or liability is the amount at which the financial asset or liability is measured at initial recognition, minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the effective profit rate method of any difference between the initial amount recognised and the maturity amount, minus any reduction for impairment for financial assets.

# I. Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the Group intends to either settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

# m.Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

# 3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### m. Revenue recognition (continued)

# (i) Income from investments in real estate

Rental income arising from operating leases on investment in real estate is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included under revenue in the consolidated statement of income due to its operating nature.

# (ii) Fee from management and other services

Fee from management and other services and project management fees are recognised based on the stage of completion of the service at the consolidated statement of financial position date by reference to the contractual terms agreed between the parties.

#### (iii) Income from investments

Income from investments is recognised when earned.

#### (iv) Income from construction contracts

Contract income is recognised under the percentage of completion method.

When the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised by reference to the stage of physical completion of the contract. Contract income and costs are recognised as income and expenses in the consolidated statement of income in the accounting year in which the work is performed. The contract income is matched with the contract costs incurred in reaching the stage of completion, resulting in the reporting of income, expenses and profit which can be attributed to the proportion of work completed. Profits expected to be realised on construction contracts are based on estimates of total income and cost at completion.

When the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, the contract income is recognised to the extent of contract costs incurred up to the year end where it is probable those costs will be recoverable. Contract costs are recognised when incurred. The excess of progress billings over contract costs is classified under trade and other payables as due to customers for construction contracts.

Losses on contracts are assessed on an individual contract basis and if estimates of costs to complete the construction contracts indicate losses, provision is made for the full losses anticipated in the period in which they are first identified.

The aggregate of the costs incurred and the profit or loss recognised on each contract is compared against the progress billings up to the year end. Where the sum of the costs incurred and recognised profit or loss exceeds the progress billings, the balance is shown under trade and other receivables as due from customers for construction contracts.

# n. Shari'a Supervisory Board

The Group's business activities are subject to the supervision of a Shari'a Supervisory Board who are appointed by the general assembly.

# o. Earnings prohibited by Shari'a

The Group is committed to avoid recognising any income generated from non-Islamic sources. Accordingly, all non-Islamic income is credited to a charity account where the Group uses these funds for various social welfare activities.

# p. Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the functional currency rate prevailing on the date of the transaction.

# 3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# p. Foreign currencies (continued)

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into United States Dollars at functional currency rates of exchange prevailing at the consolidated statement of financial position date. Any gains or losses are recognised in the consolidated statement of income.

# q. Employees' end of service benefits

Bahraini employees are covered by the Social Insurance Organisation scheme which comprises a defined contribution scheme to which the Group contributes a monthly sum based on a fixed percentage of the salary. The contribution is recognised as an expense in the consolidated statement of income.

The Group provides end of service benefits to its non-Bahraini employees. Entitlement to these benefits is usually based upon the employees' length of service and the completion of a minimum service period. The expected costs of these benefits which comprise a defined benefit scheme are accrued over the period of employment based on the notional amount payable if all employees had left at the statement of financial position date.

#### r. Impairment of financial assets

Impairment allowances for expected credit losses (ECL) are recognised for financial instruments that are measured at amortised cost. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

For trade and other receivables, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors.

In the case of equity-type instruments at FVTE, impairment is reflected directly as write down of the financial asset. Impairment losses on equity-type instruments at fair value through equity are not reversed through the consolidated statement of income, while any subsequent increase in their fair value are recognised directly in owners' equity.

# s. Events after the consolidated statement of financial position date

The consolidated financial statements are adjusted to reflect events that occurred between the consolidated statement of financial position date and the date the consolidated financial statements are authorised for issue, provided they give evidence of conditions that existed as of the statement of financial position date. Events that are indicative of conditions that arose after the statement of financial position date are disclosed, but do not result in an adjustment to the consolidated financial statements.

# t. Zakah

Individual shareholders are responsible for payment of Zakah.

# u. Lease rent payables

The lease rent payables is carried at the actual cost of the lease payable to the MOIC, in accordance with Shari'a principles.

# 3.1 New standards, interpretations and amendments

The Group has adopted the following FASs which are effective as of 1 January 2023 as explained below.

# FAS 39 "Financial Reporting for Zakah"

This standard improves upon and supersedes FAS 9 on "Zakah" and aims at setting out the accounting treatment of Zakah in the books of the institutions, including the presentation and disclosure by an Islamic financial institution. The accounting and financial reporting requirements such as recognition, presentation and disclosure requirements of this standard shall apply to institutions that are obliged to pay Zakah on behalf of certain or all stakeholders. Institutions that are not obliged to pay Zakah shall apply the disclosure requirements of this standard for certain or all stakeholders, as applicable.

# 3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 3.1 New standards, interpretations and amendments (continued)

# FAS 39 "Financial Reporting for Zakah" (continued)

The adoption of the above accounting standard did not have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group as it is neither required by the Law nor by its constitution documents to pay Zakah.

#### "FAS 41 "Interim Financial Reporting"

The standard prescribes the principles for the preparation of interim condensed financial information and relevant presentation and disclosure requirements, emphasizing the minimum disclosures specific to Islamic financial institutions in line with various financial accounting standards issued by the AAOIFI. This standard is also applicable to the institutions which prepare a complete set of financial statements at interim reporting dates in line with the respective FAS.

The adoption of the above accounting standard did not have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

#### 4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures as well as the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

# **Judgements**

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

#### Classification of investments

Management decides on acquisition of an investment, whether it should be classified as amortised cost, fair value through equity, or fair value through income statement.

# Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

#### Going concern

The Group's management has made an assessment of its ability to continue as a going concern and is satisfied that it has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. Furthermore, the management is not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the consolidated financial statements continue to be prepared on the going concern basis.

# Fair valuation of investments

The determination of fair values of unquoted investments requires management to make estimates and assumptions that may affect the reported amount of assets at the date of consolidated financial statements.

Nonetheless, the actual amount that is realised in a future transaction may differ from the current estimate of fair value and may still be outside management estimates, given the inherent uncertainty surrounding valuation of unquoted investments.

#### 4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

#### Estimates and assumptions (continued)

#### Impairment of investments at fair value through equity

The Group treats investments carried at fair value through equity as impaired when there is a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below its cost or where other objective evidence of impairment exists. The determination of what is 'significant' or 'prolonged' requires judgment. The Group evaluates factors, such as the historical share price volatility for comparable quoted equities and future cash flows and the discount factors for comparable unquoted equities.

#### Special purpose entities

The Group sponsors the formation of special purpose entities ("SPE") primarily for the purpose of allowing clients to hold investments. The Group provides corporate administration, investment management and advisory services to these SPEs, which involve the Group making decisions on behalf of such entities. The Group administers and manages these entities on behalf of its clients, who are by and large third parties and are the economic beneficiaries of the underlying investments. The Group does not consolidate SPEs that it does not have the power to control. In determining whether the Group has the power to control an SPE, judgments are made about the objectives of the SPE's activities, its exposure to the risks and rewards, as well as about the Group intention and ability to make operational decisions for the SPE and whether the Group derives benefits from such decisions.

#### Impairment and uncollectibility of financial assets

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate expected credit losses ("ECL") for its receivables, estimated based on historical credit loss experience based on the past due status of the customer, adjusted as appropriate to reflect current conditions and future economic conditions.

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed loss rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if the forecast macro-economic variables are expected to deteriorate over the forecast period, the historical loss rates will be adjusted upwards to reflect the expected economic conditions. At every reporting date, the historical observed loss rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking information are analysed.

The incorporation of forward-looking information increases the level of judgement as to how changes in macro-economic variables will affect the ECL. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future.

# Liquidity

The Group manages its liquidity through consideration of the maturity profile of its assets and liabilities which is set out in the liquidity risk disclosures in these consolidated financial statements. This requires judgement when determining the maturity of assets and liabilities with no specific maturities.

# **5 CASH AND BANK BALANCES**

	2023	2022
Short-term deposits (with an original maturity of 90 days or less)	6,631	1,483
Current account balances with banks	3,622	5,800
Cash in hand	9	8
Total cash and cash equivalents	10,262	7,291
Short-term deposits (with an original maturity of more than 90 days)	7,748	10,660
Less: Provision for expected credit loss	(50)	(132)
Total cash and bank balances	17,960	17,819

# Movements in the provision for expected credit loss:

	2023	2022
At 1 January	132	161
Reversal during the year	(82)	(29)
As at 31 December 2023	50	132

# 6 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	2023	2022
Amounts due from related parties (note 28)	12,985	13,154
Trade receivables	6,032	5,838
Rent receivable	1,488	1,311
Other receivables	27,938	23,484
	48,443	43,787
Less: provision for expected credit losses	(23,700)	(23,161)
	24,743	20,626

Amounts due from related parties are unsecured, bear no profit, have no fixed repayment terms and are authorised by the Group's management.

The movement in the Group's provision for expected credit losses is as follows:

	2023	2022
At 1 January	23,161	23,472
Write offs during the year	(270)	(305)
Charge / (write back) during the year	809	(6)
As at 31 December 2023	23,700	23,161

# 7 INVESTMENTS

	2023	2022
Investments in equity-type instruments - real estate*	7,660	12,798
Investments in non-monetary debt type instruments	1,990	1,990
	9,650	14,788

<sup>\*</sup>Investment in equity-type instruments - real estate include investments in unlisted companies whose shares are not traded on active markets. The investments are primarily in closely-held companies located in the Gulf Co-operation Council (GCC") countries. The investments are carried at fair value through equity as disclosed in note 3c of the consolidated financial statements.

# **8 INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATES**

	2023	2022
At 1 January	93,908	95,048
Acquisitions during the year	875	247
Share of net gain / (loss)	378	(1,015)
Gain on bargain purchase	245	-
Distributions during the year	(1,318)	(372)
As at 31 December	94,088	93,908

# 8 JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATES (continued)

The Group has an investment in the following joint ventures:

Name	Principal activities	Ownership		Country of incorporation	Carrying	j value
		2023	2021		2023	2022
First Gulf Real Estate Company W.L.L. (Investment acquired as a result of consolidation of Dannat Resort Development Company Ltd)	Purchase of land and construct buildings thereon for investments through sale or lease, manage and maintain real estates	55.56%	55.56%	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	40,000	40,082
Advance Project Group Holding W.L.L.	Manufacturing company for producing wood-plastic composites	45.00%	45.00%	State of Kuwait	3,518	3,245
Alghanim International Bahrain - Tamcon Contracting Co. JV	Construction	49.00%	49.00%	Kingdom of Bahrain	-	313
					43.518	43.640

# Summarised financial information of joint ventures

Summarised financial information of the joint ventures based on the management accounts, is presented below:

	2023	2022
Total assets	89,151	62,870
Total liabilities	27,337	2,669
Total liabilities	1,617	611

The joint ventures had contingent liabilities or capital commitments to extend guarantees in Alghanim International Bahrain - Tamcon Contracting Co. JV of amounting US\$ 7,729 thousands as at 31 December 2023 (31 December 2022: US\$ 7,729 thousands).

The principal associates of the Group are:

Name	Principal activities	Owne	rship	Country of incorporation	Carrying	y value
	_	2023	2022		2023	2022
Danat Al Bahrain Investment Company Ltd.	Development and sale of commercial and residential properties	47.70%	46.49%	Cayman Islands	43,891	43,184
Takhzeen Warehousing and Storage Company B.S.C. (c)	Management and maintenance of warehouses	37.24%	37.24%	Kingdom of Bahrain	3,897	4,200
Boyot Al Mohandseen Contracting Company	Development of real estate in Dhahran, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	23.17%	23.17%	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	2,782	2,884
					50,570	50,268

# 8 INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATES (continued)

Summarised financial information of associates, based on the management accounts, are presented below:

	2023	2022
Summarised financial information of associates		
Total assets	124,676	126,646
Total liabilities	9,316	9,263
Total net loss	(822)	(2,765)

The associates had no contingent liabilities or capital commitments as at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022.

# 9 INVESTMENTS IN REAL ESTATE

	2023	2022
At 1 January	82,045	79,524
Additions during the year	2,847	3,100
Disposals during the year	(1,441)	(579)
As at 31 December	83,451	82,045

Investments in real estate are stated at fair value which has been determined based on valuations performed by accredited independent property valuers. The valuations undertaken were based on open market values, which represent the prices at which the properties could be exchanged between knowledgeable willing buyers and knowledgeable willing sellers in an arm's length transaction.

Investments in real estate based on valuations performed by external property valuers amounted to US\$ 104.49 million (31 December 2022: US\$ 105.48 million). However, due to the illiquid nature of the real estate market and slowdown within the economic environment, the Group's management believes the current carrying value of investments in real estate amounting to US\$ 83.45 million (31 December 2022: US\$ 82.04 million) approximates its fair value.

None of the Investments in real estate stated above (31 December 2022: US\$ 18.7 million) are secured as collateral against the financing facilities obtained (note 15).

# 10 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Buildings on leasehold land	Machinery, equipment furniture and fixtures	Computer hardware and software	Motor vehicles	Total
Cost					
At 1 January 2023	10,122	12,780	1,737	2,312	26,951
Additions	2	53	14	10	79
Disposals	-	(6)	-	-	(6)
As at 31 December 2023	10,124	12,827	1,751	2,322	27,024
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 January 2023	3,265	10,046	1,610	2,021	16,942
Charge	182	377	53	83	695
Disposals	-	(6)	-	-	(6)
As at 31 December 2023	3,447	10,417	1,663	2,104	17,631
Net book amount:					
As at 31 December 2023	6,677	2,410	88	218	9,393
At 31 December 2022	6,857	2,734	127	291	10,009

# 10 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment charged to the consolidated statement of income is as follows:

	2023	2022
Depreciation charged to contract costs (note 19)	383	278
Depreciation charged to expenses	312	380
	695	658

# 11 OTHER ASSETS

	2023	2022
Advances to contractors	1,250	591
Prepayments	251	381
Capital work in progress - reverse osmosis plant	1,868	5
	3,369	977

# 12 RIGHT OF USE ASSET

	2023	2022
Cost at 1 January and 31 December 2023	328	328
Accumulated amortisation		
At 1 January	173	64
Charge for the year (note 26)	109	109
	282	173
Net book value at 31 December	46	155

# 13 OTHER LIABILITIES AND ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

	2023	2022
Lease rent payables (note 13.1)	50,105	50,105
Accruals and other payables	7,835	5,698
Due to customers for construction contracts	2,034	3,293
Trade payables	7,024	4,940
Retentions payable	1,268	1,042
Amounts due to related parties (note 13.3 and 28)	210	113
Case compensation and other contingencies (note 13.2)	-	1,799
	68,476	66,990

# 13 OTHER LIABILITIES AND ACCOUNTS PAYABLE (continued)

The Group entered into a long term lease contract with the Ministry of Industry and Commerce ("MOIC") in December 2005, effective from May 2006, for a period of 50 years.

In accordance with the terms of the agreement with the MOIC, from the date of signing the agreement, no lease rent is payable for the first two years of the lease period, from 2006 to 2007. Lease rent payable, for the lease period (from 2008-2025), was deferred due to the cost incurred by the Group on the reclamation of the leasehold land. Thereafter, the Group is required to pay lease rental over thirty years (from 2026 to 2056).

#### Note 13.2

The Group has a history of legal claims filed against it. Due to such claims history, the management has evaluated possible future claims against the Company and has assessed that no provisions are required for cases against the Group.

Set out below are the carrying amounts of case compensation and other contingencies and the movements during the year:

	2023	2022
As at 1 January	1,799	3,389
Utilisation	(206)	(323)
Reversal	(1,593)	(1,267)
As at 31 December	-	1,799

#### Note 13.3

Amounts due to related parties are unsecured, bear no profit, have no fixed repayment terms and are authorised by the Group's management

# 14 IJARAH LIABILITY

	2023	2022
As at 1 January	167	274
Amortisation of deferred ijarah cost (note 26)	7	14
Payments	(131)	(121)
As at 31 December	43	167
Within one year	43	135
After one year but not more than five years	-	32
Total	43	167

# 15 FINANCING FROM A BANK

	2023	2022
Commodity murabaha financing	-	3,912

#### 16 SHARE CAPITAL

	2002	2022
	2023	2022
Authorised		
375,000,000 (31 December 2022: 375,000,000) ordinary shares of US\$ 0.40 each	150,000	150,000
Issued and fully paid-up		
Opening balance		
300,836,787 (31 December 2022: 300,836,787) ordinary shares of US\$ 0.40 each	120,334	120,334
Treasury shares		
3,675,000 (31 December 2022: 3,675,000) treasury shares	(1,309)	(1,309)
Closing balance		
297,161,787 (31 December 2022: 297,161,787) ordinary shares	119,025	119,025

# Additional information on shareholding pattern

Names and nationalities of the major shareholders and the number of shares they hold, without considering the treasury shares, are disclosed below (where their shareholding amounts to more than 5% or more of outstanding shares):

# At 31 December 2023

Name	Incorporation	Number of shares	holding %
Gulf Investment House	State of Kuwait	75,957,128	25,25%
Sanad Company for buying and selling shares and bonds	State of Kuwait	27,088,879	9,00%
Dubai Islamic Bank	United Arab Emirates	15,043,309	5,00%
Others	Various	182,747,471	60,75%
		300,836,787	100%

# At 31 December 2022

Name	Incorporation	Number of shares	holding %
Gulf Investment House	State of Kuwait	71,725,670	23,84%
Sanad Company for buying and selling shares and bonds	State of Kuwait	27,088,879	9,00%
Dubai Islamic Bank	<b>United Arab Emirates</b>	15,043,309	5,00%
Others	Various	186,978,929	62,15%
		300,836,787	100%

The Company has only one class of equity shares and the holders of these shares have equal voting rights. Further, all the shares issued are fully paid

# 16 SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

# Additional information on shareholding pattern (continued)

Distribution schedule of shares, setting out the number and percentage of holders is disclosed below:

#### At 31 December 2023

Categories:	No. of shares	No. of shareholders	% of total outstanding shares
Less than 1%	55,413,099	672	18.42%
1% up to less than 5%	127,334,372	14	42.33%
5% up to less than 10%	42,132,188	2	14.00%
10% up to less than 50%	75,957,128	1	25.25%
	300,836,787	689	100%

#### At 31 December 2022

Categories:	No. of shares	No. of shareholders	of total % outstanding shares
Less than 1%	60,514,308	714	20.12%
1% up to less than 5%	126,464,621	13	42.04%
5% up to less than 10%	42,132,188	3	14.00%
10% up to less than 50%	71,725,670	1	23.84%
	300,836,787	731	100%

Details of shares owned by the directors of the Group are as follows:

	of total % outstanding shares	No. of shares
31 December 2023		
Abdulaziz Assad Alsanad	1.83%	5,508,188
Dr. Abdulaziz Fahad Dakheel	0.20%	600,000
		6,108,188

	of total % outstanding shares	No. of shares
31 December 2022		
Abdulaziz Assad Alsanad	0.19%	558,188
Dr. Abdulaziz Fahad Dakheel	0.20%	600,000
		1,158,188

# 17 RESERVES

#### a. Statutory reserve

In accordance with the Bahrain Commercial Companies Law and the Company's articles of association, 10% of the net profit for the year is required to be transferred to a statutory reserve. The Company may resolve to discontinue such annual transfers when the reserve equals 50% of paid up share capital. The reserve is not available for distribution, except in circumstances as stipulated in the Bahrain Commercial Companies Law and following the approval of the Central Bank of Bahrain. Transfer to the statutory reserve of US\$ 463 thousand has been made for the year ended 31 December 2023 (31 December 2022: US\$ 92 thousand).

# 17 RESERVES (continued)

# b. Fair value through equity reserve

Unrealised gains and losses resulting from investments carried at fair value through equity, if not determined to be impaired is recorded in the fair value through equity reserve and is not available for distribution. Upon disposal of related assets, the related cumulative gains or losses are transferred to retained earnings and become available for distribution. Included in fair value through equity reserve is an unrealised gain on investments for the year ended 31 December 2023 amounting to US\$139 thousand (31 December 2022: unrealised loss of US\$ 174 thousand) and transfer of fair value loss on investment at disposal for the year ended 31 December 2023 amounting to US\$ 62 thousand (31 December 2022: US\$ nil).

#### **18 TREASURY SHARES**

Treasury shares represent 3,675,00 (31 December 2022: 3,675,000) shares amounting to US\$ 1,308,680 (31 December 2022: US\$ 1,308,680) representing 1.22% (31 December 2022: 1.22%) of the issued share capital, held by the Group.

#### 19 NET INCOME FROM CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

	2023	2022
Contract income	18,926	15,582
Contract costs	(18,720)	(14,709)
	206	873

Contract costs include depreciation amounting to US\$ 383 thousand (31 December 2022: US\$ 278 thousand).

# 20 INCOME FROM INVESTMENT IN REAL ESTATE

	2023	2022
Rental income	4,306	3,808
Realised (loss) / gain on sale of investment in real estate	(130)	579
	4,176	4,387

# 21 INCOME FROM INVESTMENTS

	2023	2022
Realised gain on sale of investment	3,203	-
Dividend income	124	65
	3,327	65

# 22 FEE FOR MANAGEMENT AND OTHER SERVICES

Fee from management and other services mainly represent fees earned by the Group with respect to project structuring for related parties.

	2023	2022
Property and facility management income	2,409	2,922
Financial advisory service charges	80	80
Other management services	223	144
	2,712	3,146

# 23 OTHER INCOME

	2023	2022
Profit on short-term deposits	499	600
Electricity and water services	480	244
Others	367	370
	1,346	1,214

# 24 STAFF COSTS

	2023	2022
Salaries and benefits	3,215	3,354
Other staff expenses	521	590
	3,736	3,944

# 25 GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	2023	2022
Legal and professional fees	484	542
Rent, rates and taxes	345	395
Board member expenses	332	263
Regulatory fees	204	209
IT related expenses	220	208
Advertising and marketing	75	80
ESG expense	9	22
Directors professional liability insurance	55	81
Labour accommodation expenses	8	9
Travelling and transportation	97	72
Other expenses	359	368
	2,188	2,249

#### **26 NET IJARAH COST**

	2023	2022
Amortisation of right of use asset (note 12)	109	109
Amortisation of deferred ijarah cost (note 14)	7	14
	116	123

# 27 BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic and diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing net income for the year attributable to equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year as follows:

	2023	2022
Income attributable to the equity shareholders of the Parent for the year	4,634	923

The Company does not have any potentially dilutive ordinary shares, hence the diluted earnings per share and basic earnings per share are identical.

# 28 RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

Related parties comprise major shareholders, directors of the Group, key management personnel, entities owned or controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by them and companies affiliated by virtue of shareholding in common with that of the Group and Shari>a Supervisory Board members and external auditors.

# Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The Group enters into transactions, arrangements and agreements with its related parties in the ordinary course of business at terms and conditions approved by the Board of Directors. The transactions and balances arose from the ordinary course of business of the Group. Outstanding balances at the year end are unsecured.

# 28 RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties (continued)

The related party balances included in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

31 December 2023						31 December	2022	
	Associates and joint venture	Key management personnel/ Board members/ external auditors	Other related parties	Total	Associates and joint venture	Key management personnel/ Board members/ external auditors	Other related parties	Total
Accounts receivable - gross Provision Accounts receivable	10,149 (2,998) 7,151		2,836 (2,409) 427	12,985 (5,407) 7,578	10,002 (2,998) 7,004		3,152 (2,409) 743	(5,407)
- net Investment in joint ventures and associates	94,088		-	94,088	93,908	-	-	·
Other liabilities and accounts payable	12	27	171	210	11	23	79	113

The related party transactions included in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

		31 December	2023		31 December 2022			
	Associates and joint venture	Key management personnel/ Board members/ external auditors	Other related parties	Total	Associates and joint venture	Key management personnel/ Board members/ external auditors	Other related parties	Total
Income								
Fee from management and other services	207	-	-	207	207	-	-	207
Net share of gain / (loss) from investment in a joint venture and associates	623	-	-	623	(1,015)	-	-	(1,015)
	830	-	-	830	(808)	-	-	(808)
Expenses								
Staff costs	-	1,604	-	1,604	-	1,857	-	1,857
General and administrative expenses	10	437	198	645	11	263	207	481
	10	2,041	198	2,249	11	2,120	207	2,338

# 28 RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Compensation of the key management personnel is as follows:

	2023	2022
Salaries and other benefits	1,604	1,857

# 29 SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

Segmental information is presented in respect of the Group's business segments. A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different to those of other business segments. For management purposes, the Group is organised into three major business segments.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those applied in the preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements as set out in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements. Transactions between segments are conducted at estimated market rates on an arm's length basis.

Segment information is disclosed as follows:

		31 December 2023					
	Investment and related services	Construction Contracts	Development and sale of industrial plots	Eliminations	Total		
Net revenues from external customers	-	206	6,888	-	7,094		
Inter-segment transactions	269	121	377	(767)	-		
Income from investments	3,327	-	-	-	3,327		
Net share of gain / (loss) from investment in joint ventures and associates (note 8)	202	475	-	(54)	623		
Other income	30	671	645	-	1,346		
Total revenue	3,828	1,473	7,910	(821)	12,390		
Staff costs	2,020	1,212	504	-	3,736		
General and administrative expenses	1,400	580	425	(217)	2,188		
Property related expenses	318	-	2,026	(431)	1,913		
Others	343	281	10	(61)	573		
Total operating expense	4,081	2,073	2,965	(709)	8,410		
Provisions reversal / (charge)	57	1,124	(315)	-	866		
Segment (loss) / profit	(196)	524	4,630	(112)	4,846		
Segment assets	390,857	40,241	155,165	(343,563)	242,700		
Segment liabilities	136,156	15,379	53,293	(136,309)	68,519		

# 29 SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (continued)

	31 December 2022					
	Investment and related services	Construction Contracts	Development and sale of industrial plots	Eliminations	Total	
Net revenues from external customers	2,319	1,388	4,956	(257)	8,406	
Inter-segment transactions	210	-	558	(768)	-	
Income from investments	65	-	-	-	65	
Net share of loss from investment in joint ventures and associates (note 8)	(858)	66	-	(223)	(015 ,1)	
Other income	103	583	528	-	1,214	
Total revenue	1,839	2,037	6,042	(1,248)	8,670	
Staff costs	1,760	1,650	534	-	3,944	
General and administrative expenses	1,281	723	450	(205)	2,249	
Property related expenses	140	-	2,283	(584)	1,839	
Others	547	339	10	(63)	833	
Total operating expense	3,728	2,712	3,277	(852)	8,865	
Provisions reversal / (charge)	1,254	(256)	304	-	1,302	
Segment (loss) / profit	(635)	(931)	3,069	(396)	1,107	
Segment assets	385,590	38,708	150,720	(334,691)	240,327	
Segment liabilities	139,507	14,370	54,060	(136,868)	71,069	

# **30 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS**

Credit-related commitments include commitments to extend guarantees and acceptances which are designed to meet the requirements of the Group's customers. Guarantees and acceptances commit the Group to make payments to third parties on behalf of customers in certain circumstances.

The Group has the following credit related commitments

	2023	2022
Guarantees	6,739	8,972

# 31 FIDUCIARY ASSETS

The assets managed on behalf of customers, to which the Group does not have any legal title are not included in the consolidated statement of financial position. At 31 December 2023, the carrying value of such assets is US\$ 73.52 million (31 December 2022: US\$ 96.64 million). The share of assets relating to non-controlling shareholders within the subsidiaries consolidated in the financial statements amounted to US\$ 27.09 million (31 December 2022: US\$ 26.70 million).

#### 32 RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk is defined as the combination of severity and frequency of potential loss over a given time horizon and is inherent in the Group's activities. Risk can be expressed in the dimensions of potential severity of loss (magnitude of impact) and potential loss frequency (likelihood of occurrence). Risk management is the process by which the Group identifies key risks, sets consistent understandable risk measures, chooses which risks to reduce, which to increase and by what means, and establishes procedures to monitor the resulting risk position. Risk management is the discipline at the core of every financial institution and encompasses all the activities that affect its risk profile. It involves identification, measurement, monitoring and controlling risks to ensure that optimum value is created for the shareholders through an optimum return on equity by an appropriate trade-off between risk and return.

Effective risk management is the cornerstone of capital structure. The vision of risk management is to address all aspects of risk which the Group may be exposed to. The Group's risk function is independent of lines of business and is managed by the Audit and Risk Committee and the Interim Head of Compliance is appointed by the Audit and Risk Committee, who then report to the Board of Directors. The key role of the risk management function is defining, identifying and reducing risks, and being independent and objective.

The Group has exposure to risks, which include credit, market, liquidity, reputation, compliance and operational risks. Market risk includes currency, equity price and profit rate risk. Taking risk is core to the financial business. The Group's aim is to achieve an appropriate balance between risk and return and minimise potential adverse effect on the Group's financial performance.

#### Risk governance

The Board of Directors of the Group has overall responsibility for the oversight of the risk management framework and reviewing its risk management policies and procedures. The risks both at portfolio and transactional levels are managed and controlled through the Board Risk Committee.

#### a) Credit risk

Credit risk is defined as the potential that a borrower or counterparty will fail to meet its obligations in accordance with the agreed terms. The goal of credit risk management is to maximize the Group's risk-adjusted rate of return by maintaining credit exposures within acceptable parameters. The Group has well-defined policies and procedures for identifying, measuring, monitoring and controlling credit risk in all the Group's activities.

# i) Maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of any collateral and other credit enhancements

The Group's maximum exposure to on-balance sheet credit risk is reflected in the carrying amounts of financial assets on the consolidated statement of financial position. The impact of possible netting of assets and liabilities to reduce potential credit exposure, is not significant.

Credit risk for off-balance sheet financial instruments is defined as the possibility of sustaining a loss as a result of another party to a financial instrument failing to perform in accordance with the terms of the contract.

# 32 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

# Credit risk (continued)

# i) Maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of any collateral and other credit enhancements (continued)

The table shows the maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the consolidated statement of financial position. The maximum exposure is shown gross, before the effect of mitigation through the use of collateral agreements, but after impairment provisions, where applicable.

	Gross maximum exposure 2023	Gross maximum exposure 2022
Bank balances	17,951	17,811
Accounts receivable	24,743	20,626
Commitments and contingent liabilities	10,526	12,759
Total	53,220	51,196

#### ii) Concentration risk

Concentration risk arises when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar economic activities or activities in the same geographic region or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. The Group seeks to manage its concentration risk by establishing and constantly monitoring geographic and industry wise concentration limits.

The Group's exposure analysed on geographic regions and industry sectors is as follows:

	31 December 2023					
	Assets	Liabilities	Contingent liabilities			
Geographic region:		-				
Kingdom of Bahrain	194,659	68,494	10,526			
Other GCC countries	48,041	25	-			
	242,700	68,519	10,526			

31 December 2022						
Assets	Liabilities	Contingent liabilities				
193,134	71,050	12,759				
47,193	19	-				
240,327	71,069	12,759				

	31 December 2023				
	Assets	Liabilities	Contingent liabilities		
Industry sector:					
Real estate	186,635	51,874	10,526		
Non real estate	56,065	16,645	-		
	242,700	68,519	10,526		

31 December 2022						
Assets	Contingent liabilities					
188,817	52,870	12,759				
51,510	18,199	-				
240,327	71,069	12,759				

# b) Market risk

Market risk arises from fluctuations in profit rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices. Market risk is the risk that changes in market risk factors, such as currency risk, profit rates and equity prices will effect the Group's income or the value of its holding of financial instruments.

The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return on risk.

# 32 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

# b) Market risk (continued)

#### i) Profit rate risk

Profit risk is the risk that the Group's profitability or fair value of its financial instruments will be adversely affected by the changes in profit rates. The Group's assets and liabilities are not considered by management to be sensitive to profit rate risk.

# ii) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group views the Bahraini Dinars as its functional currency and United States Dollar as its reporting currency. As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group had net foreign currency exposure in respect of Bahraini Dinars and Kuwaiti Dinars. Bahraini Dinars are pegged to the United States Dollar and thus are considered not to represent significant currency risk. The Group's net exposure to Kuwaiti Dinars is considered minimal.

# iii) Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair values of equities decrease as the result of changes in the levels of equity indices and the value of individual stocks. The Group has no quoted equity investments and has unquoted investments designated fair value through equity.

The effect on fair value through equity reserve (as a result of a change in the net asset value of equity investments) due to a reasonable possible positive change (ie. +5%) in the value of individual investments, with all other variables held constant, is US\$ 483 thousand (2022: US\$ 739 thousand) and vice versa. However, if an investment is assessed to be impaired the same impact will affect the consolidated statement of income

# 32 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

# c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the potential inability of the Group to meet cash flows of its maturing obligations to a counterparty. Liquidity risk management seeks to ensure that the Group has the ability, under varying scenarios, to fund increases in assets and meet maturing obligations as they arise. Management of the Group is responsible for its liquidity management.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's assets and liabilities as of 31 December 2023 based on expected periods to cash conversion from the consolidated statement of financial position date:

	Up to 1 Month	1 to 3 months	3 to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 to 5 years	5 to 10 years	Over 10 years	No fixed maturity	Total
				to i year					
ASSETS									
Cash and bank balances	17,906	54	-	3,352	-	-	-	-	17,960
Accounts receivable	9,411	1,135	2,278	-	2,276	348	-	5,943	24,743
Investments	-	-	-	-	9,650	-	-	-	9,650
Investment in joint ventures and associates	-	-	-	-	90,570	-	-	3,518	94,088
Investments in real estate	2,972	-	-	-	47,146	6,297	27,036	-	83,451
Property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,393	9,393
Right of use asset	11	22	13	-	-	-	-	-	46
Other assets	88	224	314	2,383	360	-	-	-	3,369
Total assets	30,388	1,435	2,605	5,735	150,002	6,645	27,036	18,854	242,700
LIABILITIES									
Other liabilities and accounts payable	9,539	2,642	1,682	1,748	7,450	8,290	37,125	-	68,476
ljarah liability	11	22	10	-	-	-	-	-	43
Total liabilities	9,550	2,664	1,692	1,748	7,450	8,290	37,125	-	68,519
Net liquidity gap	20,838	(1,229)	913	3,987	142,552	(1,645)	(10,089)	18,854	174,181
Cumulative liquidity gap	20,838	19,609	20,522	24,509	167,061	165,416	155,327	174,181	
Contingencies and commitments	-	-	-	-	10,526	-	-	-	10,526

# 32 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

# c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's assets and liabilities as of 31 December 2022 based on expected periods to cash conversion from the consolidated statement of financial position date:

	Up to 1 Month	1 to 3 months	3 to 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1 to 5 years	5 to 10 years	Over 10 years	No fixed maturity	Total
ASSETS									
Cash and bank balances	14,952	1,483	-	1,384	-	-	-	-	17,819
Accounts receivable	10,028	817	792	347	3,265	435	-	4,942	20,626
Investments	-	-	-	-	14,788	-	-	-	14,788
Investment in joint ventures and associates	-	-	-	-	90,663	-	-	3,245	93,908
Investments in real	2,190	-	-	-	47,688	4,829	27,338	-	82,045
Right of use asset	10	20	31	63	31	-	-	10,009	155
Property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,009
Other assets	61	164	485	134	133	-	-	-	977
Total assets	27,241	2,484	1,308	1,928	156,568	5,264	27,338	18,196	240,327
LIABILITIES									
Other liabilities and accounts payable	4,723	3,050	2,417	3,011	3,631	3,316	46,789	53	66,990
ljarah liability	10	20	31	63	43	-	-	-	167
Financing from a bank	1,088	-	1,038	1,088	698	-	-	-	3,912
Total liabilities	5,821	3,070	3,486	4,162	4,372	3,316	46,789	53	71,069
Net liquidity gap	21,420	(586)	(2,178)	(2,234)	152,196	1,948	(19,451)	18,143	169,258
Cumulative liquidity gap	21,420	20,834	18,656	16,422	168,618	170,566	151,115	169,258	
Contingencies and commitments	-	-	-	-	12,759	-	-	-	12,759

# d) Operational risk

Operational risk is defined as the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events. This definition includes legal risk, but excludes strategic and reputational risk.

#### 32 RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

# e) Other risks

# Regulatory risk

Regulatory risk is defined as the risk of non-compliance with regulatory and legal requirements in the Kingdom of Bahrain and the State of Kuwait. The Group's Compliance Department is currently responsible for ensuring all regulations are adhered to.

# Legal risk

Legal risk is defined as the risk of unexpected losses from transactions and contracts not being enforceable under applicable laws or from unsound documentation. The Group deals with several external law firms to support it in managing the legal risk.

# Reputation risk

The Group intends to discharge its social responsibilities through donations to charitable causes and organisations.

# 33 SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Group intends to discharge its social responsibilities through donations to charitable causes and organisations.

#### **34 COMPARATIVE FIGURES**

Certain prior year figures have been reclassified to conform to the cuuent year's presentation. Such reclassifications did not affect previously reported net profit, total asseta, total liabilities and total equity of the Group